

Package ‘Maaslin2’

October 18, 2021

Title ``Multivariable Association Discovery in Population-scale
Meta-omics Studies''

Year 2021

Version 1.7.2

Depends R (>= 3.6)

Description MaAsLin2 is comprehensive R package for efficiently determining multivariable association between clinical metadata and microbial meta-omic features. MaAsLin2 relies on general linear models to accommodate most modern epidemiological study designs, including cross-sectional and longitudinal, and offers a variety of data exploration, normalization, and transformation methods. MaAsLin2 is the next generation of MaAsLin.

License MIT + file LICENSE

LazyData false

Imports robustbase, biglm, pcaPP, edgeR, metagenomeSeq, lpsymphony,
pbapply, car, dplyr, vegan, chemometrics, ggplot2, pheatmap,
logging, data.table, lmerTest, hash, optparse, grDevices,
stats, utils, glmmTMB, MASS, cplm, pscl, lme4

Suggests knitr, testthat (>= 2.1.0), rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

Collate fit.R utility_scripts.R viz.R Maaslin2.R

URL <http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/maaslin2>

biocViews Metagenomics, Software, Microbiome, Normalization

BugReports <https://github.com/biobakery/maaslin2/issues>

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/Maaslin2>

git_branch master

git_last_commit fa0acbd

git_last_commit_date 2021-07-29

Date/Publication 2021-10-18

Author Himel Mallick [aut],
Ali Rahnavard [aut],
Lauren McIver [aut, cre]

Maintainer Lauren McIver <lauren.j.mciver@gmail.com>

R topics documented:

Maaslin2	2
Index	4

Maaslin2	<i>MaAsLin2 is the next generation of MaAsLin, a multivariable statistical framework for finding associations between clinical metadata and potentially high-dimensional microbial multi-omics data.</i>
----------	--

Description

MaAsLin2 finds associations between microbiome meta-omics features and complex metadata in population-scale epidemiological studies. The software includes multiple analysis methods (including support for multiple covariates and repeated measures), filtering, normalization, and transform options to customize analysis for your specific study.

Usage

```
Maaslin2(
  input_data,
  input_metadata,
  output,
  min_abundance = 0.0,
  min_prevalence = 0.1,
  min_variance = 0.0,
  normalization = "TSS",
  transform = "LOG",
  analysis_method = "LM",
  max_significance = 0.25,
  random_effects = NULL,
  fixed_effects = NULL,
  correction = "BH",
  standardize = TRUE,
  cores = 1,
  plot_heatmap = TRUE,
  plot_scatter = TRUE,
  heatmap_first_n = 50,
  reference = NULL
)
```

Arguments

input_data	The tab-delimited input file of features.
input_metadata	The tab-delimited input file of metadata.
output	The output folder to write results.

<code>min_abundance</code>	The minimum abundance for each feature.
<code>min_prevalence</code>	The minimum percent of samples for which a feature is detected at minimum abundance.
<code>min_variance</code>	Keep features with variance greater than.
<code>max_significance</code>	The q-value threshold for significance.
<code>normalization</code>	The normalization method to apply.
<code>transform</code>	The transform to apply.
<code>analysis_method</code>	The analysis method to apply.
<code>random_effects</code>	The random effects for the model, comma-delimited for multiple effects.
<code>fixed_effects</code>	The fixed effects for the model, comma-delimited for multiple effects.
<code>correction</code>	The correction method for computing the q-value.
<code>standardize</code>	Apply z-score so continuous metadata are on the same scale.
<code>plot_heatmap</code>	Generate a heatmap for the significant associations.
<code>heatmap_first_n</code>	In heatmap, plot top N features with significant associations.
<code>plot_scatter</code>	Generate scatter plots for the significant associations.
<code>cores</code>	The number of R processes to run in parallel.
<code>reference</code>	The factor to use as a reference for a variable with more than two levels provided as a string of 'variable,reference' semi-colon delimited for multiple variables.

Value

Data.frame containing the results from applying the model.

Author(s)

Himel Mallick<himel.stat.iitk@gmail.com>,
 Ali Rahnavard<gholamali.rahnavaard@gmail.com>,
 Maintainers: Lauren McIver<lauren.j.mciver@gmail.com>,

Examples

```
input_data <- system.file(
  'extdata', 'HMP2_taxonomy.tsv', package="Maaslin2")
input_metadata <- system.file(
  'extdata', 'HMP2_metadata.tsv', package="Maaslin2")
fit_data <- Maaslin2(
  input_data, input_metadata, 'demo_output', transform = "AST",
  fixed_effects = c('diagnosis', 'dysbiosisnonIBD', 'dysbiosisUC', 'dysbiosisCD', 'antibiotics', 'age'),
  random_effects = c('site', 'subject'),
  normalization = 'NONE',
  reference = 'diagnosis,nonIBD',
  standardize = FALSE)
```

Index

Maaslin2, [2](#)