Package 'rols'

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Type Package Title An R interface to the Ontology Lookup Service **Version** 2.8.2 Author Laurent Gatto <1g390@cam.ac.uk>, with contributions from Tiago Chedraoui Silva. Maintainer Laurent Gatto <1g390@cam.ac.uk> Description The rols package is an interface to the Ontology Lookup Service (OLS) to access and query hundred of ontolgies directly from R. **Depends** methods Imports httr, progress, jsonlite, utils, Biobase, BiocGenerics (>= 0.23.1)Suggests GO.db, knitr (>= 1.1.0), BiocStyle (>= 2.5.19), testthat, lubridate, DT, rmarkdown, biocViews Software, Annotation, MassSpectrometry, GO VignetteBuilder knitr License GPL-2 URL http://lgatto.github.com/rols/ BugReports https://github.com/lgatto/rols/issues Collate AllClasses.R AllGenerics.R utils.R cvparam.R methods-OlsSearch.R methods-Ontologies.R methods-Terms.R methods-Properties.R zzz.R git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/rols git_branch RELEASE_3_7 git_last_commit c437df8

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CVParam-class Class "CVParam"

Description

CVParam objects instantiate controlled vocabulary entries.

Usage

CVParam(label, name, accession, value, exact = TRUE)

Arguments

label	A character with the ontology label. If missing, a user-defined parameter is created.
name	A character with the name of the CVParam to be constructed. This argument can be omitted if accession is used and label is not missing.
accession	A character with the accession of the CVParam to be constructed. This argument can be omitted if name is used. Ignored for user-defined instances.
value	A character with the value of the CVParam to be constructed. This argument is optional.
exact	A logical defining whether the query to retrieve the accession (when name is used) should be an exact match.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created with the CVParam constructor.

Slots

- label: Object of class "character" that defines the label of the instance, i.e the ontology abbreviation/prefix. See Ontologies to generate a list of available ontologies and olsPrefix for existing labels.
- accession: Object of class "character" with the parameter's valid label ontology accession number. See below for validity constrains.
- name: Object of class "character" with the instance's valid name, i.e matching with the accession.
 name and accession must follow term(accession, label) == name for the instance to be
 valid.
- value: Object of class "character" with the CVParams value, if applicable, of empty string ("") otherwise.
- user: Object of class "logical" defining if the instance is a user-defined parameter (also called User params).
- .__classVersion__: Object of class "Versions" describing the instance's class definition version. For development use.

Extends

Class "Versioned", directly.

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CVParam-class

Methods

charIsCVParam(**x**) Checks if x, a character of the form "[ONTO, ACCESSION, NAME, VALUE]", is a valid (possibly user-defined) CVParam. "ONTO" is the ontology label (prefi), "ACCESSION" is the term accession number, "NAME" is the term's name and "VALUE" is the value. Note that only syntax validity is verified, not semantics. See example below.

Methods

- coerce signature(from = "CVParam", to = "character"): Coerces CVParam from to a character of the following form: [label, accession, name,value]. as.character is also defined.
- coerce signature(from = "character", to = "CVParam"): Coerces character from to a CVParam. as.CVParam is also defined. If a label is absent, the character is converted to a User param, else, the label and accession are used to query the Ontology Lookup Service (see OlsSearch)). If a name is provided and does not match the retrieved name, a warning is thrown.

This function is vectorised; if the from character is of length greater than 1, then a list of CVParam is returned. The queries to the OLS are processed one-by-one, though.

```
show signature(object = "CVParam"): Prints the CVParam instance as text.
```

rep signature(x = "CVParam", times = "numeric"): Replicates the CVParam x times times.

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Examples

```
## a user param
CVParam(name = "A user param", value = "the value")
## a CVParam from PSI's Mass Spectrometry ontology
term("MS", "MS:1000073")
CVParam(label = "MS", accession = "MS:1000073")
CVParam(label = "MS", name ="electrospray ionization")
CVParam(label = "MS", name ="ESI") ## using a synonym
## From a CVParam object to a character
cv <- as(CVParam(label = "MS", accession = "MS:1000073"), "character")</pre>
cv
## From a character object to a CVParam
as(cv, "CVParam")
as("[MS, MS:1000073, , ]", "CVParam") ## no name
as("[MS, MS:1000073, ESI, ]", "CVParam") ## name does not match
as(c(cv, cv), "CVParam") ## more than 1 character
x <- c("[MS, MS:1000073, , ]", ## valid CV param</pre>
        "[, , Hello, world]", ## valid User param
       "[this, one is, not, valid]", ## not valid
       "[ , , , ]") ## not valid
stopifnot(charIsCVParam(x) == c(TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE))
## A list of expected valid and non-valid entries
rols:::validCVchars
```

rols:::notvalidCVchars

OlsSearch-class Class "OlsSearch"

Description

Searching the OLS is done using the OlsSearch data structure.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created with the constructor function OlsSearch.

Slots

q: Object of class "character" ~~ ontology: Object of class "character" ~~ type: Object of class "character" ~~ slim: Object of class "character" ~~ fieldList: Object of class "character" ~~ queryFields: Object of class "character" ~~ exact: Object of class "logical" ~~ groupField: Object of class "logical" ~~ obsoletes: Object of class "logical" ~~ local: Object of class "character" ~~ childrenOf: Object of class "character" ~~ rows: Object of class "integer" ~~ start: Object of class "integer" ~~ url: Object of class "character" ~~ numFound: Object of class "integer" ~~ response: Object of class "data.frame" ~~

Methods and functions

coerce signature(from = "OlsSearch", to = "data.frame"): ...
coerce signature(from = "OlsSearch", to = "Terms"): ...
show signature(object = "OlsSearch"): ...

olsRows signature(object = "OlsSearch"): ... The value can be updated with the olsRows replacement method. To request all responses, use allRows.

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Ontology-class

Examples

```
OlsSearch(q = "trans-golgi")
OlsSearch(q = "cell")
OlsSearch(q = "cell", exact = TRUE)
OlsSearch(q = "cell", exact = TRUE, ontology = "go")
OlsSearch(q = "cell", exact = TRUE, ontology = "GO")
OlsSearch(q = "electrospray", ontology = "MS")
OlsSearch(q = "ionization", ontology = "MS")
OlsSearch(q = "electrospray ionization", ontology = "MS")
OlsSearch(q = "electrospray ionization", ontology = "MS", exact=TRUE)
## Request 5 results instead of 20 (default)
OlsSearch(q = "plasma,membrane", ontology = "go", rows = 5)
## or, once the object was created
(res <- OlsSearch(q = "plasma,membrane", ontology = "go"))</pre>
olsRows(res) <- 5
res
## all results
res <- allRows(res)</pre>
res
res <- OlsSearch(q = "trans-golgi", ontology = "go", rows = 5)</pre>
res
res <- olsSearch(res)</pre>
res
as(res, "data.frame")
res <- as(res, "Terms")</pre>
res
termPrefix(res)
termId(res)
```

Ontology-class Class "Ontology"

Description

Ontologies are stored as Ontology and Ontologies instances, and contain various information as provided by the Ontology Lookup Service.

Details

Ontologies are referred to by their namespace, which is lower case: the Gene Onology is "go", the Mass spectrometry ontology is "ms", etc. The ontologies also have prefixes, which are upper case: the Gene Onology prefix "GO", the Mass spectrometry ontology prefix "MS". The only exception to this rule is the Drosophila Phenotype Ontology, whose namespace and prefix are "dpo" and "FBcv" respectively. This is particularly confusing as the FlyBase Controlled Vocabulary has "fbcv" and "FBcv" as namespace and prefix respectively.

When using a character to initialise an ontology or query a term, "fbcv" (this is case insensitive) will refer to the the FlyBase Controlled Vocabulary. The the Drosophila Phenotype Ontology will have to be referred as "dpo" (also case insensitive).

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created in multiple ways. The Ontologies function will initialise all available ontolgies as an Ontologies object, while a call to Ontology with an ontology namespace or prefix (but see Details section) as argument will initialise the ontology of interest as an Ontology instance.

Ontolgies instances can be subset with [and [[(using their namespace, see Details) and iterated over with lapply. Ontolgies can be converted into a simple data.frame containing the ontology prefixes, namespaces and titles using as(., "data.frame")). An Ontologies can also be coerced to lists of Ontology ojects with as(., "list").

Slots

- loaded: Object of class NULL or character containing the date the ontology was loaded on the backend side. Accessed with the olsLoaded method.
- updated: Object of class NULL or character containing the date the ontology was last updated on the backend side. Accessed with the olsUpdated method.
- status: Object of class NULL or character documenting the status of the ontology on the backend side. For example "LOADED", "FAILED" or "NOTLOADED". Accessed with the olsStatus method.
- message: Object of class NULL or character documentating the status of the ontology on the backend side.
- version: Object of class NULL or character documenting the version of the ontology. Note that there is also a version field in the config slot below. Use olsVersion to access the appropriate date.
- numberOfTerms: Object of class "integer" documenting the number of terms available in the ontology.
- numberOfProperties: Object of class "integer" documenting the number of properties available in the ontology.
- numberOfIndividuals: Object of class "integer" documenting the number of individuals available in the ontology.
- config: Object of class "list" containing further ontology configuration and metadata.

Methods and functions

- **Ontologies** signature(object = "numeric"):
- **Ontology** signature(object = "character"):
- **olsDesc** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the description of an ontology. Also works for Ontologies objects and character describing an ontology namespace or prefix (see Details).
- **olsPrefix** signature(object = "Ontology"): retruns the prefix of an ontology. Also works for Ontologies objects describing an ontology namespace or prefix (see Details).
- olsRoot signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the root of the ontology as a Terms instance. object could also be a character with an ontology namespace or prefix (see Details). If object is of class Ontologies, it returns a list of Terms.
- **olsVersion** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the version of the ontology. Also works with an ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) as a character or an object of class Ontologies, in which case it returns a list of versions.
- **olsLoaded** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the loading date of the ontology. Also works with a character containing the ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) or an object of class Ontologies.

- **olsUpdated** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the update date of the ontology. Also works with a character containing the ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) or an object of class Ontologies.
- **olsStatus** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the status of the ontology. Also works with a character containing the ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) or an object of class Ontologies.
- **olsStatus** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the namespace of the ontology. Also works with a character containing the ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) or an object of class Ontologies.
- **olsTitle** signature(object = "Ontology"): returns the title of an ontology. Also works with a character containing the ontology namespace or prefix (see Details) or an object of class Ontologies.

```
all.equal signature(target = "Ontologies", current = "Ontologies"): ...
```

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Examples

```
## Get all ontolgies
ol <- Ontologies()
ol</pre>
```

head(as(ol, "data.frame"))
length(ol)

```
## Individual ontologies
(go <- ol[["go"]])
(efo <- ol[["efo"]])</pre>
```

```
## some basic information
olsVersion(go)
olsDesc(go)
olsTitle(go)
olsPrefix(go)
olsNamespace(go)
```

```
olsRoot(go)
```

```
## works with Ontology objects or their namespace
identical(olsRoot("go"), olsRoot(go))
identical(olsVersion("go"), olsVersion(go))
```

```
## Directly initialise a single ontology
go1 <- Ontology("go") ## using the namespace (preferred)
go2 <- Ontology("GO") ## using the prefix (see Details)
all.equal(go, go1)
all.equal(go, go2)</pre>
```

Properties-class Class "Properties"

Description

Propteries (relationships) between terms can be queries for complete Ontology objects and Term/Terms instances, and the results are stored as objects of class Property or Properties.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls to properties, as described below.

Slots

See the Term and Terms classes.

Extends

Class "Terms", directly.

Methods and functions

- **properties** signature(object = "Ontology", pagesize = 200): ... Also works with a character with the ontology namespace. See Ontology for details.
- **properties** signature(object = "Term"): retrieves the properties of term object and returns a Properties object. Returns NULL when no properties are available.
- **proterties** signature(object = "Terms", ...): retrieves the properties of each term of object and returns a list of Properties (or NULL) items.

show signature(object = "Properties"): shows a textual summary of the object.

length signature(object = "Properties"): returns the number of properties in object.

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Examples

```
trm <- term("uberon", "UBERON:0002107")
trm
properties(trm)
trm2 <- term("GO", "GO:0005326")
trm2
properties(trm2)</pre>
```

Term-class

Class "Term"

Description

The Term class describes an ontology term. A set of terms are instantiated as a Terms class.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created using the term and terms functions. The latter is used with an object of class Ontology or a character describing a valid ontology prefix to download and instantiate all terms of an ontology of interest. The former takes an Ontology object (or an ontology prefix) and a term identifer to instantiate that specific term. See also the 'Methods and functions' sections.

For any given Term object, the children, parents, ancestors, descendants, partOf and derivesFrom terms can be generated and returned as Terms objects.

Terms instances can be subset with [and [[and iterated over with lapply.

Slots

iri: Object of class "character" ~~
label: Object of class "character" ~~
description: Object of class "NullOrList" ~~
annotation: Object of class "list" ~~
synonym: Object of class "NullOrList" ~~
ontology_name: Object of class "character" ~~
ontology_prefix: Object of class "character" ~~
ontology_iri: Object of class "character" ~~
is_obsolete: Object of class "logical" ~~
is_defining_ontology: Object of class "logical" ~~
is_root: Object of class "logical" ~~
short_form: Object of class "character" ~~
links: Object of class "list" ~~

Methods and functions

term signature(object = "Ontology", id = "character"): ...
terms signature(x = "Ontology", pagesize = "numeric"): ...
termDesc signature(object = "Term"): ...
termPrefix signature(object = "Term"): ...
termSynonym signature(object = "Term"): ...
termNamespace signature(object = "Term"): ...

termOntology signature(object = "Term"): ...

isRoot signature(object = "Term"): ...

isObsolete signature(object = "Term"): ...

termId signature(object = "Term"): ...

- children signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with the object's children. NULL if there are not children.
- **parents** signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with the object's parents. NULL if there are not parents.
- ancestors signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with the object's ancestors. NULL if there are not ancestors.
- **descendants** signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with the object's descendants. NULL if there are not descendants.
- partOf signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with terms the object's
 is a part of. NULL if none.
- **derivesFrom** signature(object = "Term"): Returns a new Terms instance with terms the object's is derived from. NULL if none.
- show signature(object = "Term"): ...
- show signature(object = "Terms"): ...

all.equal signature(target = "Term", current = "Term"): ...

all.equal signature(target = "Terms", current = "Terms"): ...

- **unique** signature(x = "Terms"): returns a new Terms object where all duplicated Term instances, i.e. those with the same term id (even when stemming from different ontologies), have been removed (only the first occurence is retained).
- as(x, "data.fram") Coerces a single Term or Terms into a data.frame of length 1 (for the former) or length length(x) for the latter. The result will contain the following columns: id, label, description of the term(s), their ontology, whether they are obsolete, have children or are root node, the first synonym only, their iri and whether they are defining the ontology. Any missing value will be reported as NA.

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Examples

```
## (all) terms
(gotrms <- terms("go", pagesize = 10000))
## Not run:
    ## or, using on ontology object
    go <- Ontology("go")
    gotrms <- terms(go, pagesize = 10000)
## End(Not run)
as(gotrms[1:10], "data.frame") ## data,frame with 10 rows</pre>
```

Term-class

```
## (one) term
(trm <- gotrms[[1]])</pre>
termPrefix(trm)
gotrms[1:3]
gotrms[["GO:0005230"]]
as(trm, "data.frame") ## data,frame with 1 row
## using an Ontology object
go <- Ontology("GO")</pre>
term(go, "GO:0032801")
## using an ontology prefix
term("GO", "GO:0032801")
isObsolete(gotrms[["GO:0005230"]])
isObsolete(gotrms[["GO:0005232"]])
isRoot(gotrms[["GO:0005230"]])
isRoot(gotrms[["G0:0005232"]])
i <- isRoot(gotrms) & !isObsolete(gotrms)</pre>
gotrms[i]
for (ii in which(i))
    show(gotrms[[ii]])
## or, directly querying the ontology
olsRoot(go)
parents(trm)
ancestors(trm)
children(trm)
descendants(trm)
partOf(gotrms[["GO:0044429"]])
partOf(term("BTO", "BTO:0000142"))
```

```
derivesFrom(term("BTO", "BTO:0002600"))
derivesFrom(term("BTO", "BTO:0001023"))
```

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