Package 'SIMLR'

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Title SIMLR: Single-cell Interpretation via Multi-kernel LeaRning

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Depends R (>= 3.3),

Imports parallel, Matrix, stats, methods,

Suggests BiocGenerics, BiocStyle, testthat, knitr, igraph, scran,

Description Single-cell RNA-seq technologies enable high throughput gene expression measurement of individual cells, and allow the discovery of heterogeneity within cell populations. Measurement of cell-to-cell gene expression similarity is critical to identification, visualization and analysis of cell populations. However, single-cell data introduce challenges to conventional measures of gene expression similarity because of the high level of noise, outliers and dropouts. We develop a novel similarity-learning framework, SIMLR (Single-cell Interpretation via Multi-kernel LeaRning), which learns an appropriate distance metric from the data for dimension reduction, clustering and visualization. SIMLR is capable of separating known subpopulations more accurately in single-cell data sets than do existing dimension reduction methods. Additionally, SIMLR demonstrates high sensitivity and accuracy on high-throughput peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) data sets generated by the GemCode single-cell technology from 10x Genomics.

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData TRUE

License file LICENSE

URL https://github.com/BatzoglouLabSU/SIMLR

BugReports https://github.com/BatzoglouLabSU/SIMLR

biocViews Clustering, GeneExpression, Sequencing, SingleCell

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation yes

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BuettnerFlorian test dataset

Description

example dataset to test SIMLR from the work by Buettner, Florian, et al.

Usage

data(BuettnerFlorian)

Format

gene expression measurements of individual cells

Value

list of 6: $in_X = input$ dataset as an (m x n) gene expression measurements of individual cells, n_clust = number of clusters (number of distinct true labels), true_labs = ground true of cluster assignments for each of the n_clust clusters, seed = seed used to compute the results for the example, results = result by SIMLR for the inputs defined as described, nmi = normalized mutual information as a measure of the inferred clusters compared to the true labels

Source

Buettner, Florian, et al. "Computational analysis of cell-to-cell heterogeneity in single-cell RNA-sequencing data reveals hidden subpopulations of cells." Nature biotechnology 33.2 (2015): 155-160.

SIMLR

SIMLR

Description

perform the SIMLR clustering algorithm

Usage

```
SIMLR(X, c, no.dim = NA, k = 10, if.impute = FALSE, normalize = FALSE,
cores.ratio = 1)
```

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Arguments

Х	an $(m \ x \ n)$ data matrix of gene expression measurements of individual cells or and object of class SCESet
С	number of clusters to be estimated over X
no.dim	number of dimensions
k	tuning parameter
if.impute	should I traspose the input data?
normalize	should I normalize the input data?
cores.ratio	ratio of the number of cores to be used when computing the multi-kernel

Value

clusters the cells based on SIMLR and their similarities

list of 8 elements describing the clusters obtained by SIMLR, of which y are the resulting clusters: y = results of k-means clusterings, S = similarities ccomputed by SIMLR, F = results from network diffusion, ydata = data referring the the results by k-means, alphaK = clustering coefficients, execution.time = execution time of the present run, converge = iterative convergence values by T-SNE, LF = parameters of the clustering

Examples

```
SIMLR(X = BuettnerFlorian$in_X, c = BuettnerFlorian$n_clust, cores.ratio = 0)
library(scran)
ncells = 50
ngenes = 25
mu <- 2^runif(ngenes, 3, 10)
gene.counts <- matrix(rnbinom(ngenes*ncells, mu=mu, size=2), nrow=ngenes)
rownames(gene.counts) = paste0("X", seq_len(ngenes))
sce = newSCESet(countData=data.frame(gene.counts))
output = SIMLR(X = sce, c = 8, cores.ratio = 0)</pre>
```

SIMLR_Feature_Ranking SIMLR Feature Ranking

Description

perform the SIMLR feature ranking algorithm. This takes as input the original input data and the corresponding similarity matrix computed by SIMLR

Usage

```
SIMLR_Feature_Ranking(A, X)
```

Arguments

A	an (n x n) similarity matrix by SIMLR
Х	an $(m \ x \ n)$ data matrix of gene expression measurements of individual cells

Value

a list of 2 elements: pvalues and ranking ordering over the n covariates as estimated by the method

Examples

```
SIMLR_Feature_Ranking(A = BuettnerFlorian$results$S, X = BuettnerFlorian$in_X)
```

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