# Package 'GUIDEseq'

April 14, 2017
Type Package
Title GUIDE-seq analysis pipeline
Version 1.4.1
Date 2017-02-07
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<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.2.0), GenomicRanges, BiocGenerics
Imports BiocParallel, Biostrings, CRISPRseek, ChIPpeakAnno, data.table, matrixStats, BSgenome, parallel, IRanges (>= 2.5.5), S4Vectors (>= 0.9.6), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.7.3), GenomeInfoDb, Rsamtools, hash, limma
biocViews GeneRegulation, Sequencing, WorkflowStep, CRISPR
Suggests knitr, RUnit, BiocStyle, BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, org.Hs.eg.db
VignetteBuilder knitr
Description The package implements GUIDE-seq analysis workflow including functions for obtaining unique insertion sites (proxy of cleavage sites), estimating the locations of the insertion sites, aka, peaks, merging estimated insertion sites from plus and minus strand, and performing off target search of the extended regions around insertion sites.
License GPL (>= 2)
LazyLoad yes
NeedsCompilation no
R topics documented:
GUIDEseq-package annotateOffTargets combineOfftargets getPeaks getUniqueCleavageEvents GUIDEseqAnalysis mergePlusMinusPeaks

2 GUIDEseq-package

	offTargetAnalysis peaks.gr uniqueCleavageE																20
Index																	23
GUIDE	Eseq-package	Analy	sis of	Gl	IJID	E-s	eq									_	

## **Description**

The package includes functions to retain one read per unique molecular identifier (UMI), filter reads lacking integration oligo sequence, identify peak locations (cleavage sites) and heights, merge peaks, perform off-target search using the input gRNA. This package leverages CRISPRseek and ChIPpeakAnno packages.

## **Details**

Package: GUIDEseq
Type: Package
Version: 1.0
Date: 2015-09-04
License: GPL (>= 2)

Function GUIDEseqAnalysis integrates all steps of GUIDE-seq analysis into one function call

## Author(s)

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## References

Shengdar Q Tsai and J Keith Joung et al. GUIDE-seq enables genome-wide profiling of off-target cleavage by CRISPR-Cas nucleases. Nature Biotechnology 33, 187 to 197 (2015)

## See Also

GUIDEseqAnalysis

## **Examples**

```
if(interactive())
{
    library("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19")
    umiFile <- system.file("extdata", "UMI-HEK293_site4_chr13.txt",
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    alignFile <- system.file("extdata","bowtie2.HEK293_site4_chr13.sort.bam" ,
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    gRNA.file <- system.file("extdata","gRNA.fa", package = "GUIDEseq")
    guideSeqRes <- GUIDEseqAnalysis(
        alignment.inputfile = alignFile,
        umi.inputfile = umiFile, gRNA.file = gRNA.file,</pre>
```

annotateOffTargets 3

```
orderOfftargetsBy = "peak_score",
    descending = TRUE,
    keepTopOfftargetsBy = "predicted_cleavage_score",
    scoring.method = "CFDscore",
    BSgenomeName = Hsapiens, min.reads = 80, n.cores.max = 1)
    guideSeqRes$offTargets
}
```

annotateOffTargets

Annotate offtargets with gene name

## **Description**

Annotate offtargets with gene name and whether it is inside an exon

## Usage

```
annotateOffTargets(thePeaks, txdb, orgAnn)
```

## **Arguments**

thePeaks Output from offTargetAnalysisOfPeakRegions

txdb TxDb object, for creating and using TxDb object, please refer to GenomicFea-

tures package. For a list of existing TxDb object, please search for annotation

package starting with Txdb at http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#\_\_\_Ar such as TxDb.Rnorvegicus.UCSC.rn5.refGene for rat, TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene

for mouse, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene for human, TxDb.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3.en

for Drosophila and TxDb.Celegans.UCSC.ce6.ensGene for C.elegans

organism annotation mapping such as org.Hs.egSYMBOL in org.Hs.eg.db pack-

age for human

## Value

A data frame and a tab-delimited file offTargetsInPeakRegions.xls, containing all input offtargets with potential gRNA binding sites, mismatch number and positions, alignment to the input gRNA and predicted cleavage score, and whether the offtargets are inside an exon and associated gene name.

## Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

## See Also

GUIDEseqAnalysis

4 combineOfftargets

#### **Examples**

```
if (!interactive()) {
   library("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19")
   library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   peaks <- system.file("extdata", "T2plus1000ffTargets.bed",</pre>
        package = "CRISPRseek")
    gRNAs <- system.file("extdata", "T2.fa",</pre>
        package = "CRISPRseek")
   outputDir = getwd()
   offTargets <- offTargetAnalysisOfPeakRegions(gRNA = gRNAs, peaks = peaks,
        format=c("fasta", "bed"),
        peaks.withHeader = TRUE, BSgenomeName = Hsapiens,
        upstream = 20L, downstream = 20L, PAM.size = 3L, gRNA.size = 20L,
        orderOfftargetsBy = "predicted_cleavage_score",
        PAM = "NGG", PAM.pattern = "(NGG|NAG|NGA)$", max.mismatch = 2L,
        outputDir = outputDir,
        allowed.mismatch.PAM = 3, overwrite = TRUE)
   annotatedOfftargets <- annotateOffTargets(offTargets,</pre>
       txdb = TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene,
       orgAnn = org.Hs.egSYMBOL)
}
```

combineOfftargets

Combine Offtargets

## **Description**

Merge offtargets from different samples

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

```
offtarget.folder
```

offtarget summary output folders created in GUIDEseqAnalysis function

sample.name Sample names to be used as part of the column names in the final output file remove.common.offtargets

Default to FALSE If set to TRUE, off-targets common to all samples will be removed.

getPeaks 5

```
\verb|control.sample.name| \\
```

The name of the control sample for filtering off-targets present in the control sample

offtarget.filename

Default to offTargetsInPeakRegions.xls, generated in GUIDEseqAnalysis func-

tion

common.col

common column names used for merge files. Default to c("offTarget","predicted\_cleavage\_score", "gRNA.name", "gRNAPlusPAM", "offTarget\_sequence", "guideAlignment2OffTarget", "offTargetStrand", "mismatch.distance2PAM", "n.PAM.mismatch", "n.guide.mismatch", "PAM.sequence", "offTarget\_Start", "offTarget\_End", "chromosome")

exclude.col

columns to be excluded before merging. Please check offTargetsInPeakRe-

gions.xls to choose the desired columns to exclude

outputFileName The merged offtarget file

#### **Details**

Please note that by default, merged file will only contain peaks with offtargets found in the genome in GUIDEseqAnalysis function.

#### Value

a tab-delimited file similar to offTargetsInPeakRegions.tsv, containing all peaks from all samples merged by potential gRNA binding sites, mismatch number and positions, alignment to the input gRNA and predicted cleavage score. Sample specific columns have sample.name concatenated to the original column name, e.g., peak\_score becomes sample1.peak\_score.

## Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

## **Examples**

getPeaks

Obtain peaks from GUIDE-seq

## Description

Obtain strand-specific peaks from GUIDE-seq

## Usage

```
getPeaks(gr, window.size = 20L, step = 20L, bg.window.size = 5000L,
    min.reads = 10L, min.SNratio = 2, maxP = 0.05,
    stats = c("poisson", "nbinom"), p.adjust.methods =
    c("none", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BY", "fdr"))
```

#### **Arguments**

gr GRanges with cleavage sites, output from getUniqueCleavageEvents

window.size window size to calculate coverage step size to calculate coverage

bg.window.size window size to calculate local background

min.reads minimum number of reads to be considered as a peak

min. SNratio minimum signal noise ratio, which is the coverage normalized by local back-

ground

maxP Maximum p-value to be considered as significant

stats Statistical test, default poisson

p.adjust.methods

Adjustment method for multiple comparisons, default none

## Value

peaks GRanges with count (peak height), bg (local background), SNratio (signal noise

ratio), p-value, and option adjusted p-value

summarized.count

A data frame contains the same information as peaks except that it has all the sites without filtering.

#### Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

## **Examples**

 ${\tt getUniqueCleavageEvents}$ 

Using UMI sequence to obtain the starting sequence library

## Description

PCR amplification often leads to biased representation of the starting sequence population. To track the sequence tags present in the initial sequence library, a unique molecular identifier (UMI) is added to the 5 prime of each sequence in the staring library. This function uses the UMI sequence plus the first few sequence from R1 reads to obtain the starting sequence library.

#### Usage

```
getUniqueCleavageEvents(alignment.inputfile, umi.inputfile,
    alignment.format = c("auto", "bam", "bed"),
    umi.header = FALSE, read.ID.col = 1,
    umi.col = 2, umi.sep = "\t", keep.R1only = TRUE, keep.R2only = TRUE,
    concordant.strand = TRUE, max.paired.distance = 1000,
    min.mapping.quality = 30, max.R1.len = 130, max.R2.len = 130,
    apply.both.max.len = FALSE, same.chromosome = TRUE,
    distance.inter.chrom = -1, min.R1.mapped = 20, min.R2.mapped = 20,
    apply.both.min.mapped = FALSE, max.duplicate.distance = 0,
    umi.plus.R1start.unique = TRUE, umi.plus.R2start.unique = TRUE,
    n.cores.max = 6)
```

## **Arguments**

alignment.inputfile

The alignment file. Currently supports bed output file with CIGAR information. Suggest run the workflow binReads.sh, which sequentially runs barcode binning, adaptor removal, alignment to genome, alignment quality filtering, and bed file conversion. Please download the workflow function and its helper scripts at http://mccb.umassmed.edu/GUIDE-seq/binReads/

umi.inputfile A text file containing at least two columns, one is the read identifier and the other is the UMI or UMI plus the first few bases of R1 reads. Suggest use getUMI.sh to generate this file. Please download the script and its helper scripts at http://mccb.umassmed.edu/GUIDE-seq/getUMI/

alignment.format

The format of the alignment input file. Currently only bam and bed file format is supported. BED format will be deprecated soon.

umi.header Indicates whether the umi input file contains a header line or not. Default to

FALSE

read.ID.col The index of the column containing the read identifier in the umi input file,

default to 1

umi.col The index of the column containing the umi or umi plus the first few bases of

sequence from the R1 reads, default to  $2\,$ 

umi.sep column separator in the umi input file, default to tab

keep.R1only Specify whether to include alignment with only R1 without paired R2. Default

TRUE

keep.R2only Specify whether to include alignment with only R2 without paired R1. Default

**TRUE** 

concordant.strand

Specify whether the R1 and R2 should be aligned to the same strand or opposite strand. Default opposite.strand (TRUE)

max.paired.distance

Specify the maximum distance allowed between paired R1 and R2 reads. Default 1000 bp

min.mapping.quality

Specify min.mapping.quality of acceptable alignments

max.R1.len The maximum retained R1 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 130 bp. Please note that default of 130 works well when the read length

150 bp. Please also note that retained R1 length is not necessarily equal to the mapped R1 length

max.R2.len

The maximum retained R2 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 130 bp. Please note that default of 130 works well when the read length 150 bp. Please also note that retained R2 length is not necessarily equal to the mapped R2 length

apply.both.max.len

Specify whether to apply maximum length requirement to both R1 and R2 reads, default FALSE

same.chromosome

Specify whether the paired reads are required to align to the same chromosome, default TRUE

distance.inter.chrom

Specify the distance value to assign to the paired reads that are aligned to different chromosome, default -1

min.R1.mapped The maximum mapped R1 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 30 bp.

min.R2.mapped The maximum mapped R2 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 30 bp.

apply.both.min.mapped

Specify whether to apply minimum mapped length requirement to both R1 and R2 reads, default FALSE

max.duplicate.distance

Specify the maximum distance apart for two reads to be considered as duplicates, default 0. Currently only 0 is supported

umi.plus.R1start.unique

To specify whether two mapped reads are considered as unique if both containing the same UMI and same alignment start for R1 read, default TRUE.

umi.plus.R2start.unique

To specify whether two mapped reads are considered as unique if both containing the same UMI and same alignment start for R2 read, default TRUE.

n.cores.max

Indicating maximum number of cores to use in multi core mode, i.e., parallel processing, default 6. Please set it to 1 to disable multicore processing for small dataset.

## Value

cleavage.gr Cleavage sites with one site per UMI as GRanges with metadata column total set to 1 for each range

unique.umi.plus.R2

a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R2 reads mapped to plus strand with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read) end.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

unique.umi.minus.R2

a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R2 reads mapped to minus strand with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2

read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read) start.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

unique.umi.plus.R1

a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R1 reads mapped to minus strand without corresponding R2 reads mapped to the plus strand, with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) start.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

unique.umi.minus.R1

a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R1 reads mapped to plus strand without corresponding R2 reads mapped to the minus strand, with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) end.x (end of readSide.x/R1 read) end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

all.umi

a data frame containing all the mapped reads with the following columns. read-Name (read ID), chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read), start.x (start of eadSide.x/R1 read), end.x (end of eadSide.x/R1 read), mapping.qual.x (mapping quality of readSide.x/R1 read), strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read), cigar.x (CIGAR of readSide.x/R1 read) , readSide.x (1/R1), chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read), end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read), mapping.qual.y (mapping quality of readSide.y/R2 read), strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read), cigar.y (CIGAR of readSide.y/R2 read), readSide.y (2/R2) R1.base.kept (retained R1 length), R2.base.kept (retained R2 length), distance (distance between mapped R1 and R2), UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

#### Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

#### References

Shengdar Q Tsai and J Keith Joung et al. GUIDE-seq enables genome-wide profiling of off-target cleavage by CRISPR-Cas nucleases. Nature Biotechnology 33, 187 to 197 (2015)

## See Also

getPeaks

#### **Examples**

```
if(interactive())
{
    umiFile <- system.file("extdata", "UMI-HEK293_site4_chr13.txt",
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    alignFile <- system.file("extdata","bowtie2.HEK293_site4_chr13.sort.bam" ,
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    cleavages <- getUniqueCleavageEvents(</pre>
```

```
alignment.inputfile = alignFile , umi.inputfile = umiFile,
    n.cores.max = 1)
    names(cleavages)
}
```

GUIDEseqAnalysis

Analysis pipeline for GUIDE-seq dataset

## **Description**

A wrapper function that uses the UMI sequence plus the first few bases of each sequence from R1 reads to estimate the starting sequence library, piles up reads with a user defined window and step size, identify the insertion sites (proxy of cleavage sites), merge insertion sites from plus strand and minus strand, followed by off target analysis of extended regions around the identified insertion sites.

## Usage

```
GUIDEseqAnalysis(alignment.inputfile, umi.inputfile,
   alignment.format = c("auto", "bam", "bed"),
   umi.header = FALSE, read.ID.col = 1L,
   umi.col = 2L, umi.sep = "\t",
   BSgenomeName,
   gRNA.file,
   outputDir,
   n.cores.max = 3L,
   keep.R1only = TRUE, keep.R2only = TRUE,
   concordant.strand = TRUE,
   max.paired.distance = 1000L, min.mapping.quality = 30L,
   max.R1.len = 130L, max.R2.len = 130L,
   apply.both.max.len = FALSE, same.chromosome = TRUE,
   distance.inter.chrom = -1L, min.R1.mapped = 20L,
   min.R2.mapped = 20L, apply.both.min.mapped = FALSE,
   max.duplicate.distance = 0L,
   umi.plus.R1start.unique = TRUE, umi.plus.R2start.unique = TRUE,
   window.size = 20L, step = 20L, bg.window.size = 5000L,
   min.reads = 5L, min.reads.per.lib = 1L,
   min.peak.score.1strandOnly = 5L,
   min.SNratio = 2, maxP = 0.01,
   stats = c("poisson", "nbinom"),
   p.adjust.methods =
   c( "none", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BY", "fdr"),
   distance.threshold = 40L,
   max.overlap.plusSig.minusSig = 30L,
   plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end = TRUE,
   keepPeaksInBothStrandsOnly = TRUE,
   gRNA.format = "fasta",
   overlap.gRNA.positions = c(17,18),
   upstream = 20L, downstream = 20L, PAM.size = 3L, gRNA.size = 20L,
   PAM = "NGG", PAM.pattern = "NNN$", max.mismatch = 6L,
    allowed.mismatch.PAM = 2L, overwrite = TRUE,
```

```
weights = c(0, 0, 0.014, 0, 0, 0.395, 0.317, 0, 0.389, 0.079,
    0.445, 0.508, 0.613, 0.851, 0.732, 0.828, 0.615, 0.804, 0.685, 0.583),
   orderOfftargetsBy = c("peak_score", "predicted_cleavage_score", "n.mismatch"),
    descending = TRUE,
    keepTopOfftargetsOnly = TRUE,
    keepTopOfftargetsBy = c("predicted_cleavage_score", "n.mismatch"),
    scoring.method = c("Hsu-Zhang", "CFDscore"),
        subPAM.activity = hash( AA =0,
          AC = 0,
          AG = 0.259259259,
          AT = 0,
          CA = 0,
          CC = 0,
          CG = 0.107142857,
          CT = 0,
          GA = 0.0694444444
          GC = 0.022222222
          GG = 1,
          GT = 0.016129032,
          TA = 0,
          TC = 0,
          TG = 0.038961039,
          TT = 0),
     subPAM.position = c(22, 23),
     PAM.location = "3prime",
     mismatch.activity.file = system.file("extdata",
         "NatureBiot2016SuppTable19DoenchRoot.csv",
         package = "CRISPRseek"),
     txdb,
     orgAnn
)
```

## **Arguments**

alignment.inputfile

The alignment file. Currently supports bam and bed output file with CIGAR information. Suggest run the workflow binReads.sh, which sequentially runs barcode binning, adaptor removal, alignment to genome, alignment quality filtering, and bed file conversion. Please download the workflow function and its helper scripts at http://mccb.umassmed.edu/GUIDE-seq/binReads/

umi.inputfile A text file containing at least two columns, one is the read identifier and the other is the UMI or UMI plus the first few bases of R1 reads. Suggest use getUMI.sh to generate this file. Please download the script and its helper scripts at http://mccb.umassmed.edu/GUIDE-seq/getUMI/

alignment.format

The format of the alignment input file. Default bed file format. Currently only bed file format is supported, which is generated from binReads.sh

umi.header Indicates whether the umi input file contains a header line or not. Default to FALSE

read.ID.col The index of the column containing the read identifier in the umi input file, default to 1

The index of the column containing the umi or umi plus the first few bases of

sequence from the R1 reads, default to 2 column separator in the umi input file, default to tab umi.sep BSgenome object. Please refer to available genomes in BSgenome package. For **BSgenomeName** example, BSgenome. Hsapiens. UCSC. hg19 for hg19, BSgenome. Mmusculus. UCSC. mm10 for mm10, BSgenome. Celegans. UCSC.ce6 for ce6, BSgenome. Rnorvegicus. UCSC.rn5 for rn5, BSgenome.Drerio.UCSC.danRer7 for Zv9, and BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3 gRNA input file path or a DNAStringSet object that contains the target sequence gRNA.file (gRNA plus PAM) the directory where the off target analysis and reports will be written to outputDir Indicating maximum number of cores to use in multi core mode, i.e., parallel n.cores.max processing, default 3. Please set it to 1 to disable multicore processing for small dataset. keep.R1only Specify whether to include alignment with only R1 without paired R2. Default TRUE keep.R2only Specify whether to include alignment with only R2 without paired R1. Default **TRUE** concordant.strand Specify whether the R1 and R2 should be aligned to the same strand or opposite strand. Default opposite.strand (TRUE) max.paired.distance Specify the maximum distance allowed between paired R1 and R2 reads. Default 1000 bp min.mapping.quality Specify min.mapping.quality of acceptable alignments The maximum retained R1 length to be considered for downstream analysis, max.R1.len default 130 bp. Please note that default of 130 works well when the read length 150 bp. Please also note that retained R1 length is not necessarily equal to the mapped R1 length max.R2.len The maximum retained R2 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 130 bp. Please note that default of 130 works well when the read length 150 bp. Please also note that retained R2 length is not necessarily equal to the mapped R2 length

apply.both.max.len

umi.col

Specify whether to apply maximum length requirement to both R1 and R2 reads, default FALSE

same.chromosome

Specify whether the paired reads are required to align to the same chromosome, default TRUE

distance.inter.chrom

Specify the distance value to assign to the paired reads that are aligned to different chromosome, default -1

min.R1.mapped The maximum mapped R1 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 30 bp.

min.R2.mapped The maximum mapped R2 length to be considered for downstream analysis, default 30 bp.

apply.both.min.mapped

Specify whether to apply minimum mapped length requirement to both R1 and R2 reads, default FALSE

max.duplicate.distance

Specify the maximum distance apart for two reads to be considered as duplicates, default 0. Currently only 0 is supported

umi.plus.R1start.unique

To specify whether two mapped reads are considered as unique if both containing the same UMI and same alignment start for R1 read, default TRUE.

umi.plus.R2start.unique

To specify whether two mapped reads are considered as unique if both containing the same UMI and same alignment start for R2 read, default TRUE.

window.size window size to calculate coverage

bg.window.size window size to calculate local background

min.reads minimum number of reads to be considered as a peak

step size to calculate coverage

min.reads.per.lib

step

minimum number of reads in each library (usually two libraries) to be considered as a peak

min.peak.score.1strandOnly

Specify the minimum number of reads for a one-strand only peak to be included in the output. Applicable when set keepPeaksInBothStrandsOnly to FALSE

min. SNratio Specify the minimum signal noise ratio to be called as peaks, which is the cov-

erage normalized by local background.

maxP Specify the maximum p-value to be considered as significant

stats Statistical test, currently only poisson is implemented

 $\verb"p.adjust.methods"$ 

Adjustment method for multiple comparisons, default none

distance.threshold

Specify the maximum gap allowed between the plus strand and the negative strand peak, default 40. Suggest set it to twice of window.size used for peak calling.

max.overlap.plusSig.minusSig

Specify the cushion distance to allow sequence error and inprecise integration Default to 30 to allow at most 10 (30-window.size 20) bp (half window) of minus-strand peaks on the right side of plus-strand peaks. Only applicable if plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end is set to TRUE.

plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end

Specify whether plus strand peak start greater than the paired negative strand peak end. Default to TRUE

keepPeaksInBothStrandsOnly

Indicate whether only keep peaks present in both strands as specified by plus.strand.start.gt.minus.stra max.overlap.plusSig.minusSig and distance.threshold.

gRNA. format Format of the gRNA input file. Currently, fasta is supported

PAM. size PAM length, default 3

gRNA. size The size of the gRNA, default 20

PAM sequence after the gRNA, default NGG

overlap.gRNA.positions

The required overlap positions of gRNA and restriction enzyme cut site, default

17 and 18 for SpCas9.

Maximum mismatch to the gRNA (not including mismatch to the PAM) allowed max.mismatch

in off target search, default 6

PAM.pattern Regular expression of protospacer-adjacent motif (PAM), default NNN\$. Alter-

natively set it to (NAG|NGG|NGA)\$ for off target search

allowed.mismatch.PAM

Maximum number of mismatches allowed for the PAM sequence plus the number of degenerate sequence in the PAM sequence, default to 2 for NGG PAM

upstream offset from the peak start to search for off targets, default 20 suggest upstream

set it to window size

downstream offset from the peak end to search for off targets, default 20 suggest downstream

set it to window size

overwrite overwrite the existing files in the output directory or not, default FALSE

a numeric vector size of gRNA length, default c(0, 0, 0.014, 0, 0, 0.395, 0.317, weights

0, 0.389, 0.079, 0.445, 0.508, 0.613, 0.851, 0.732, 0.828, 0.615, 0.804, 0.685, 0.583) for SPcas9 system, which is used in Hsu et al., 2013 cited in the reference section. Please make sure that the number of elements in this vector is the same

as the gRNA.size, e.g., pad 0s at the beginning of the vector.

orderOfftargetsBy

Criteria to order the offtargets, which works together with the descending pa-

rameter

descending Indicate the output order of the offtargets, i.e., in the descending or ascending

order.

keepTopOfftargetsOnly

Output all offtargets or the top offtarget using the keepOfftargetsBy criteria,

default to the top offtarget

keepTopOfftargetsBy

Output the top offtarget for each called peak using the keepTopOfftargetsBy criteria, If set to predicted\_cleavage\_score, then the offtargets with the highest predicted cleavage score will be retained If set to n.mismatch, then the offtarget with the lowest number of mismatch to the target sequence will be retained

scoring.method Indicates which method to use for offtarget cleavage rate estimation, currently two methods are supported, Hsu-Zhang and CFDscore

subPAM.activity

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore A hash to represent the cleavage rate for each alternative sub PAM sequence relative to preferred PAM sequence

subPAM.position

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore The start and end positions of the sub PAM. Default to 22 and 23 for SP with 20bp gRNA and NGG

as preferred PAM

PAM location relative to gRNA. For example, default to 3prime for spCas9 PAM.location

> PAM. Please set to 5prime for cpf1 PAM since it's PAM is located on the 5 prime end

mismatch.activity.file

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore A comma separated (csv) file containing the cleavage rates for all possible types of single nucleotide

mismatche at each position of the gRNA. By default, using the supplemental

Table 19 from Doench et al., Nature Biotechnology 2016

txdb TxDb object, for creating and using TxDb object, please refer to GenomicFea-

tures package. For a list of existing TxDb object, please search for annotation

package starting with Txdb at http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#\_\_\_Ar such as TxDb.Rnorvegicus.UCSC.rn5.refGene for rat, TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene for mouse, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene for human, TxDb.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3.en

for Drosophila and TxDb.Celegans.UCSC.ce6.ensGene for C.elegans

organism annotation mapping such as org.Hs.egSYMBOL in org.Hs.eg.db pack-

age for human

#### Value

offTargets a data frame, containing all input peaks with potential gRNA binding sites, mis-

match number and positions, alignment to the input gRNA and predicted cleav-

age score.

merged peaks merged peaks as GRanges with count (peak height), bg (local background),

SNratio (signal noise ratio), p-value, and option adjusted p-value

peaks GRanges with count (peak height), bg (local background), SNratio (signal noise

ratio), p-value, and option adjusted p-value

uniqueCleavages

Cleavage sites with one site per UMI as GRanges with metadata column total

set to 1 for each range

read.summary One table per input mapping file that contains the number of reads for each

chromosome location

#### Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

## References

Shengdar Q Tsai and J Keith Joung et al. GUIDE-seq enables genome-wide profiling of off-target cleavage by CRISPR-Cas nucleases. Nature Biotechnology 33, 187 to 197 (2015)

## See Also

getPeaks

## **Examples**

```
if(!interactive())
{
    library("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19")
    umiFile <- system.file("extdata", "UMI-HEK293_site4_chr13.txt",
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    alignFile <- system.file("extdata","bowtie2.HEK293_site4_chr13.sort.bam" ,
        package = "GUIDEseq")
    gRNA.file <- system.file("extdata","gRNA.fa", package = "GUIDEseq")
    guideSeqRes <- GUIDEseqAnalysis(
        alignment.inputfile = alignFile,
        umi.inputfile = umiFile, gRNA.file = gRNA.file,
        orderOfftargetsBy = "peak_score",</pre>
```

16 mergePlusMinusPeaks

```
descending = TRUE,
    keepTopOfftargetsBy = "predicted_cleavage_score",
    scoring.method = "CFDscore",
    BSgenomeName = Hsapiens, min.reads = 80, n.cores.max = 1)
    guideSeqRes$offTargets
    names(guideSeqRes)
}
```

mergePlusMinusPeaks

Merge peaks from plus strand and minus strand

## **Description**

Merge peaks from plus strand and minus strand with required orientation and within certain distance apart

## Usage

```
mergePlusMinusPeaks(peaks.gr, peak.height.mcol = "count",
   bg.height.mcol = "bg", distance.threshold = 40L,
   max.overlap.plusSig.minusSig = 30L,
   plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end = TRUE, output.bedfile)
```

## **Arguments**

peaks.gr

Specify the peaks as GRanges object, which should contain peaks from both plus and minus strand. In addition, it should contain peak height metadata column to store peak height and optionally background height.

peak.height.mcol

Specify the metadata column containing the peak height, default to count

 $\verb|bg.height.mcol| Specify the metadata column containing the background height, default to \verb|bg| distance.threshold|$ 

Specify the maximum gap allowed between the plus stranded and the negative stranded peak, default 40. Suggest set it to twice of window.size used for peak calling.

max.overlap.plusSig.minusSig

Specify the cushion distance to allow sequence error and inprecise integration Default to 30 to allow at most 10 (30-window.size 20) bp (half window) of minus-strand peaks on the right side of plus-strand peaks. Only applicable if plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end is set to TRUE.

plus.strand.start.gt.minus.strand.end

Specify whether plus strand peak start greater than the paired negative strand peak end. Default to TRUE

output.bedfile Specify the bed output file name, which is used for off target analysis subsequently.

## Value

output a list and a bed file containing the merged peaks a data frame of the bed format

```
mergedPeaks.gr merged peaks as GRanges
mergedPeaks.bed merged peaks in bed format
```

#### Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

#### References

Zhu L.J. et al. (2010) ChIPpeakAnno: a Bioconductor package to annotate ChIP-seq and ChIP-chip data. BMC Bioinformatics 2010, 11:237doi:10.1186/1471-2105-11-237. Zhu L.J. (2013) Integrative analysis of ChIP-chip and ChIP-seq dataset. Methods Mol Biol. 2013;1067:105-24. doi: 10.1007/978-1-62703-607-8\\_8.

## **Examples**

```
if (interactive())
{
    data(peaks.gr)
    mergedPeaks <- mergePlusMinusPeaks(peaks.gr = peaks.gr,
        output.bedfile = "mergedPeaks.bed")
    mergedPeaks$mergedPeaks.gr
    head(mergedPeaks$mergedPeaks.bed)
}</pre>
```

offTargetAnalysisOfPeakRegions

Offtarget Analysis of GUIDE-seq peaks

## **Description**

Finding offtargets around peaks from GUIDE-seq or around any given genomic regions

## Usage

```
offTargetAnalysisOfPeakRegions(gRNA, peaks,
    format=c("fasta", "bed"),
   peaks.withHeader = FALSE, BSgenomeName, overlap.gRNA.positions = c(17,18),
   upstream = 20L, downstream = 20L, PAM.size = 3L, gRNA.size = 20L,
   PAM = "NGG", PAM.pattern = "NNN$", max.mismatch = 6L,
   outputDir, allowed.mismatch.PAM = 2L, overwrite = TRUE,
   weights = c(0, 0, 0.014, 0, 0, 0.395,
   0.317, 0, 0.389, 0.079, 0.445, 0.508, 0.613, 0.851, 0.732, 0.828, 0.615,
   0.804, 0.685, 0.583),
   orderOfftargetsBy = c("predicted_cleavage_score", "n.mismatch"),
   descending = TRUE,
   keepTopOfftargetsOnly = TRUE,
   scoring.method = c("Hsu-Zhang", "CFDscore"),
        subPAM.activity = hash( AA =0,
         AC = 0,
         AG = 0.259259259,
         AT = 0,
         CA = 0,
         CC = 0,
```

```
CG = 0.107142857,
      CT = 0,
      GA = 0.069444444
      GC = 0.022222222
      GG = 1,
     GT = 0.016129032
     TA = 0,
     TC = 0,
      TG = 0.038961039,
      TT = 0),
subPAM.position = c(22, 23),
PAM.location = "3prime",
mismatch.activity.file = system.file("extdata",
     "NatureBiot2016SuppTable19DoenchRoot.csv",
     package = "CRISPRseek")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

gRNA input file path or a DNAStringSet object that contains gRNA plus PAM

sequences used for genome editing

peaks peak input file path or a GenomicRanges object that contains genomic regions

to be searched for potential offtargets

format Format of the gRNA and peak input file. Currently, fasta and bed are supported

for gRNA and peak input file respectively

peaks.withHeader

Indicate whether the peak input file contains header, default FALSE

PAM. size PAM length, default 3

gRNA. size The size of the gRNA, default 20

PAM PAM sequence after the gRNA, default NGG

BSgenome Name BSgenome object. Please refer to available genomes in BSgenome package. For

example, BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19 for hg19, BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10 for mm10, BSgenome.Celegans.UCSC.ce6 for ce6, BSgenome.Rnorvegicus.UCSC.rn5 for rn5, BSgenome.Drerio.UCSC.danRer7 for Zv9, and BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3

for dm3

overlap.gRNA.positions

The required overlap positions of gRNA and restriction enzyme cut site, default

17 and 18 for SpCas9.

max.mismatch Maximum mismatch allowed in off target search, default 6

PAM. pattern Regular expression of protospacer-adjacent motif (PAM), default to any NNN\$.

Set it to (NAGINGGINGA)\$ if only outputs offtargets with NAG, NGA or NGG

PAM

allowed.mismatch.PAM

Number of degenerative bases in the PAM.pattern sequence, default to 2

outputDir the directory where the off target analysis and reports will be written to upstream upstream offset from the peak start to search for off targets, default 20 downstream offset from the peak end to search for off targets, default 20 overwrite overwrite the existing files in the output directory or not, default FALSE

weights

a numeric vector size of gRNA length, default c(0, 0, 0.014, 0, 0, 0.395, 0.317, 0, 0.389, 0.079, 0.445, 0.508, 0.613, 0.851, 0.732, 0.828, 0.615, 0.804, 0.685, 0.583) for SPcas9 system, which is used in Hsu et al., 2013 cited in the reference section. Please make sure that the number of elements in this vector is the same as the gRNA.size, e.g., pad 0s at the beginning of the vector.

orderOfftargetsBy

criteria to order the offtargets by and the top one will be kept if keepTopOfftargetsOnly is set to TRUE. If set to predicted\_cleavage\_score (descending order), the offtarget with the highest predicted cleavage score for each peak will be kept. If set to n.mismatch (ascending order), the offtarget with the smallest number of mismatch to the target sequence for each peak will be kept.

descending

No longer used. In the descending or ascending order. Default to order by predicted cleavage score in descending order and number of mismatch in ascending order When altering orderOfftargetsBy order, please also modify descending accordingly

keepTopOfftargetsOnly

Output all offtargets or the top offtarget per peak using the orderOfftargetsBy criteria, default to the top offtarget

scoring.method Indicates which method to use for offtarget cleavage rate estimation, currently two methods are supported, Hsu-Zhang and CFDscore

subPAM.activity

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore A hash to represent the cleavage rate for each alternative sub PAM sequence relative to preferred PAM sequence

subPAM.position

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore The start and end positions of the sub PAM. Default to 22 and 23 for SP with 20bp gRNA and NGG as preferred PAM

PAM.location

PAM location relative to gRNA. For example, default to 3prime for spCas9 PAM. Please set to 5prime for cpf1 PAM since it's PAM is located on the 5 prime end

mismatch.activity.file

Applicable only when scoring.method is set to CFDscore A comma separated (csv) file containing the cleavage rates for all possible types of single nucleotide mismatche at each position of the gRNA. By default, using the supplemental Table 19 from Doench et al., Nature Biotechnology 2016

## Value

a tab-delimited file offTargetsInPeakRegions.tsv, containing all input peaks with potential gRNA binding sites, mismatch number and positions, alignment to the input gRNA and predicted cleavage score.

## Author(s)

Lihua Julie Zhu

## References

Patrick D Hsu, David A Scott, Joshua A Weinstein, F Ann Ran, Silvana Konermann, Vineeta Agarwala, Yinqing Li, Eli J Fine, Xuebing Wu, Ophir Shalem, Thomas J Cradick, Luciano A Marraffini,

20 peaks.gr

Gang Bao & Feng Zhang (2013) DNA targeting specificity of rNA-guided Cas9 nucleases. Nature Biotechnology 31:827-834 Lihua Julie Zhu, Benjamin R. Holmes, Neil Aronin and Michael Brodsky. CRISPRseek: a Bioconductor package to identify target-specific guide RNAs for CRISPR-Cas9 genome-editing systems. Plos One Sept 23rd 2014 Lihua Julie Zhu (2015). Overview of guide RNA design tools for CRISPR-Cas9 genome editing technology. Frontiers in Biology August 2015, Volume 10, Issue 4, pp 289-296

#### See Also

**GUIDEseq** 

## **Examples**

```
#### the following example is also part of annotateOffTargets.Rd
if (interactive()) {
   library("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19")
   peaks <- system.file("extdata", "T2plus1000ffTargets.bed",</pre>
        package = "CRISPRseek")
   gRNAs <- system.file("extdata", "T2.fa",</pre>
        package = "CRISPRseek")
   outputDir = getwd()
   offTargets <- offTargetAnalysisOfPeakRegions(gRNA = gRNAs, peaks = peaks,
        format=c("fasta", "bed"),
        peaks.withHeader = TRUE, BSgenomeName = Hsapiens,
        upstream = 20L, downstream = 20L, PAM.size = 3L, gRNA.size = 20L,
        orderOfftargetsBy = "predicted_cleavage_score",
        PAM = "NGG", PAM.pattern = "(NGG|NAG|NGA)$", max.mismatch = 2L,
        outputDir = outputDir,
        allowed.mismatch.PAM = 3, overwrite = TRUE
   )
}
```

peaks.gr

example cleavage sites

## **Description**

An example data set containing cleavage sites (peaks) from getPeaks

## Usage

```
data("peaks.gr")
```

## **Format**

GRanges with count (peak height), bg (local background), SNratio (signal noise ratio), p-value, and option adjusted p-value

## Value

peaks.gr

GRanges with count (peak height), bg (local background), SNratio (signal noise ratio), p-value, and option adjusted p-value

uniqueCleavageEvents 21

#### Source

http://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR1695644

## **Examples**

```
data(peaks.gr)
names(peaks.gr)
peaks.gr
```

uniqueCleavageEvents example unique cleavage sites

## **Description**

An example data set containing cleavage sites with unique UMI, generated from getUniqueCleavageEvents

## Usage

```
data("uniqueCleavageEvents")
```

#### Value

**cleavage.gr** Cleavage sites with one site per UMI as GRanges with metadata column total set to 1 for each range

- unique.umi.plus.R2 a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R2 reads mapped to plus strand with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read) end.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)
- unique.umi.minus.R2 a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R2 reads mapped to minus strand with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read) start.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)
- unique.umi.plus.R1 a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R1 reads mapped to minus strand without corresponding R2 reads mapped to the plus strand, with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) start.x (start of readSide.x/R1 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)
- unique.umi.minus.R1 a data frame containing unique cleavage site from R1 reads mapped to plus strand without corresponding R2 reads mapped to the minus strand, with the following columns chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read) strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read) strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read) end.x (end of readSide.x/R1 read) end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read) UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

all.umi a data frame containing all the mapped reads with the following columns. readName (read ID), chr.x (chromosome of readSide.x/R1 read), start.x (start of eadSide.x/R1 read), end.x (end of eadSide.x/R1 read), mapping.qual.x (mapping quality of readSide.x/R1 read), strand.x (strand of readSide.x/R1 read), cigar.x (CIGAR of readSide.x/R1 read), readSide.x (1/R1), chr.y (chromosome of readSide.y/R2 read) start.y (start of readSide.y/R2 read), end.y (end of readSide.y/R2 read), mapping.qual.y (mapping quality of readSide.y/R2 read), strand.y (strand of readSide.y/R2 read), cigar.y (CIGAR of readSide.y/R2 read), readSide.y (2/R2) R1.base.kept (retained R1 length), R2.base.kept (retained R2 length), distance (distance between mapped R1 and R2), UMI (unique molecular identifier (umi) or umi with the first few bases of R1 read)

## **Source**

http://trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/sra/?run=SRR1695644

## **Examples**

data(uniqueCleavageEvents)
names(uniqueCleavageEvents)
str(uniqueCleavageEvents)

## **Index**

```
*Topic datasets
     peaks.gr, 20
     {\tt uniqueCleavageEvents}, {\tt 21}
*Topic misc
     combineOfftargets, 4
     getPeaks, 5
     {\tt getUniqueCleavageEvents}, \\ 6
     {\tt GUIDE seqAnalysis}, \textcolor{red}{10}
     mergePlusMinusPeaks, 16
     off Target Analysis Of Peak Regions, 17\\
*Topic package
     GUIDEseq-package, 2
*Topic utilities
     annotate Off Targets, \\ \\ 3
{\tt annotateOffTargets}, {\tt 3}
combineOfftargets, 4
getPeaks, 5
{\tt getUniqueCleavageEvents}, {\tt 6}
{\tt GUIDEseq}\,({\tt GUIDEseq-package}),\, {\tt 2}
GUIDEseq-package, 2
GUIDEseqAnalysis, 10
mergePlusMinusPeaks, 16
off Target Analysis Of Peak Regions, 17\\
peaks.gr, 20
{\tt uniqueCleavageEvents}, {\tt 21}
```