

# Package ‘QTLExperiment’

February 3, 2025

**Type** Package

**Date** 2023-09-28

**Title** S4 classes for QTL summary statistics and metadata

**Version** 1.5.0

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/dunstone-a/QTLExperiment>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/dunstone-a/QTLExperiment/issues>

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Depends** SummarizedExperiment

**Imports** methods, rlang, checkmate, dplyr, collapse, vroom, tidyr,  
tibble, utils, stats, ashR, S4Vectors, BiocGenerics

**Suggests** testthat, BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, covr

**Description** QTLExperiment defines an S4 class for storing and manipulating summary statistics from QTL mapping experiments in one or more states. It is based on the 'SummarizedExperiment' class and contains functions for creating, merging, and subsetting objects. 'QTLExperiment' also stores experiment metadata and has checks in place to ensure that transformations apply correctly.

**biocViews** FunctionalGenomics, DataImport, DataRepresentation,  
Infrastructure, Sequencing, SNP, Software

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/QTLExperiment>

**git\_branch** devel

**git\_last\_commit** e89f4db

**git\_last\_commit\_date** 2025-01-15

**Repository** Bioconductor 3.21

**Date/Publication** 2025-02-02

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mockQTLE	<i>Mock data for the QTLExperiment object</i>
----------	---

---

### Description

Functions to create fake input data for QTLExperiments.

### Usage

```
mockQTLE(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100, names = TRUE)

mockSummaryStats(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100, names = TRUE)

mockMASHR(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100)

mockMASHR_FIT(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100)
```

### Arguments

nStates	Number of states
nQTL	Number of QTL associations
names	Logical to include column and row names

**Value**

an object containing simulated data.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

**Examples**

```
nStates <- 6
nQTL <- 40

# Mock QTLExperiment data

qtLe <- mockQTLE(nStates, nQTL)
dim(qtLe)

mock_summary_stats <- mockSummaryStats(nStates=nStates, nQTL=nQTL)
mock_summary_stats$betas
mock_summary_stats$errors
mock_summary_stats$pvalues

# Mock MASHR data

mockr_sim <- mockMASHR(nStates=nStates, nQTL=nQTL)
mockr_sim$B
mockr_sim$Bhat
mockr_sim$Shat
```

---

qtLe-assays

*Named assay getters and setters*


---

**Description**

These are methods for getting or setting `assay(qtLe, i=X, ...)` where `qtLe` is a [QTLExperiment](#) object and `X` is the name of the method. For example, `betas` will get or set `X="betas"`.

**Value**

For assays, returns the value stored in the requested [assay](#).

For `assays<-value`, the relevant slot of the [QTLExperiment](#) is updated.

**Available methods**

Here `x` is a [QTLExperiment](#) object, `value` is a matrix-like object with the same dimensions as `x`, and `...` are further arguments passed to [assay](#) (for the getter) or `assay<-` (for the setter).

`betas(x, ...)`, `betas(x, ...) <- value`: Get or set a matrix of raw betas, i.e., QTL effect sizes.

errors(x, ...), errors(x, ...) <- value: Get or set a matrix of raw beta standard errors.

pvalues(x, ...), pvalues(x, ...) <- value: Get or set a matrix of raw significance scores (e.g. pvals, qvals)

lfsrs(x, ...), lfsrs(x, ...) <- value: Get or set a matrix of local false sign rates.

### Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

### See Also

[assay](#) and [assay<-](#), for the wrapped methods.

### Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
new_betas <- matrix(rnorm(nrow(qtle)*ncol(qtle)), ncol=ncol(qtle))
row.names(new_betas) <- row.names(qtle)
colnames(new_betas) <- colnames(qtle)
betas(qtle) <- new_betas
dim(betas(qtle))
```

---

QTLe-coerce

*Coercing mash data objects into QTLe objects*

---

### Description

Function to coerce a mashr object (class list or mashr) into a QTLe object.

### Usage

```
mash2qtle(data, sep = NULL, rowData = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
.mashData_2_qtle(data)
.mashFit_2_qtle(data)
```

### Arguments

data	A mashr object output from <code>mash_set_data()</code> or <code>mash()</code> from mashr.
sep	String separating the <code>feature_id</code> from the <code>variant_id</code> in the <code>row.names</code> of the mashr object
rowData	if <code>feature_id</code> and <code>variant_id</code> are not in the <code>row.names</code> , a <code>rowData</code> matrix can be provided with this information.
verbose	Logical.

**Value**

A [QTLExperiment](#) object.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

**Examples**

```
nStates <- 6
nQTL <- 40
mashr_sim <- mockMASHR(nStates, nQTL)

qtl2 <- mash2qtl(
  mashr_sim,
  rowData=DataFrame(
    feature_id=row.names(mashr_sim$Bhat),
    variant_id=sample(seq_len(nQTL)))
  dim(qtl2)
```

---

qtl-col\_ids

*Named colData getters and setters*


---

**Description**

These are methods for getting or setting protected colData columns (i.e. state\_id).

**Details**

QTL are associations between a genetic variant and a quantitative state. The state\_id methods can be used to get or set state IDs for all tests in a [QTLExperiment](#) object. The values are stored in the colData and in the int\_colData as the state\_id field so it can be easily accessed but not accidentally removed or overwritten.

**Value**

For state\_id, a vector is returned containing the name of the state tested in each association. For state\_id<-, a modified object is returned with the updated state\_ids in colData, int\_colData, and in the row.names of the [QTLExperiment](#) object.

**Available methods**

Here x is a [QTLExperiment](#) object, value is a matrix-like object with the same dimensions as x, and ... are further arguments passed to state\_id (for the getter) or state\_id<- (for the setter).

state\_id(x, ...), state\_id(x, ...) <- value: Get or set the state (i.e. column) names.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
state_id(qtle) <- sample(LETTERS, ncol(qtle), replace=TRUE)
state_id(qtle)
```

---

QTLe-combine

*Combining QTLEExperiment objects*

---

**Description**

An overview of methods to combine multiple [QTLEExperiment](#) objects by row or column. These methods ensure that all data fields remain synchronized when states or associations are added or removed.

**Value**

A [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

**Combining**

In the following examples, ... contains one or more [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

`rbind(..., deparse.level=1)`: Returns a [QTLEExperiment](#) object where all objects are combined row-wise. Metadata is combined as in `?rbind, SummarizedExperiment-method`. The `deparse.level` specifies how row.names are generated as described in `?rbind`.

`cbind(..., deparse.level=1)`: Returns a [QTLEExperiment](#) object where all objects are combined column-wise. Metadata is combined as in `?cbind, SummarizedExperiment-method`. The `deparse.level` specifies how colnames are generated as described in `?cbind`.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
qtle2 <- qtle
feature_id(qtle2) <- paste0("x", feature_id(qtle2))
rbind(qtle, qtle2)

qtle2 <- qtle
state_id(qtle2) <- paste0("x", state_id(qtle2))
cbind(qtle, qtle2)
```

## Description

Methods to get or set internal fields from the QTLExperiment class. These functions are intended for package developers who want to make changes or improvements to the object without breaking user code or to add protected fields to a QTLExperiment. They should *not* be used by general users.

## Value

For assays, returns the value stored in the requested field of the internal rowData, colData or metaData.

For assays<-value, the relevant internal field of the QTLExperiment is updated.

## Getters

Here x is a QTLExperiment.

int\_rowData(x): Returns a [DataFrame](#) of internal row metadata, with number of rows equal to nrow(x) (analogous to the user-visible [rowData](#)).

int\_colData(x): Returns a [DataFrame](#) of internal column metadata, with number of rows equal to ncol(x) (analogous to the user-visible [colData](#)).

int\_metadata(x): Returns a list of internal metadata (analogous to the user-visible [metadata](#)).

The following methods can return visible and internal data in a single DataFrame.

rowData(x, ..., internal=TRUE): Returns a [DataFrame](#) of the user-visible row metadata with the internal row metadata added column-wise. A warning is emitted if the user-visible metadata column names overlap with the internal fields. Any arguments in ... are passed to [rowData, SummarizedExperiment-method](#).

colData(x, ..., internal=TRUE): Returns a [DataFrame](#) of the user-visible column metadata with the internal column metadata added column-wise. A warning is emitted if the user-visible metadata column names overlap with the internal fields. Any arguments in ... are passed to [colData, SummarizedExperiment-method](#).

## Setters

Here x is a QTLExperiment.

int\_rowData(x) <- value: Replaces the internal row metadata with value, a [DataFrame](#) with number of rows equal to nrow(x) (analogous to the user-visible [rowData<-](#)).

int\_colData(x) <- value: Replaces the internal column metadata with value, a [DataFrame](#) with number of rows equal to ncol(x) (analogous to the user-visible [colData<-](#)).

int\_metadata(x) <- value: Replaces the internal metadata with value (analogous to the user-visible [metadata<-](#)).

**Comments**

The internal metadata fields store additional elements that are parallel to the rows or columns of a [QTLEperiment](#) class. This avoids the need to specify new slots and adjust the subsetting/combining code for a new data element.

These elements being internal is important as it ensures that the implementation details are abstracted away. User interaction with these internal fields should be done via the designated getter and setter methods (e.g., [feature\\_id](#)), providing developers with freedom to change the internal representation without breaking user code.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**See Also**

[colData](#), [rowData](#) and [metadata](#) for the user-visible equivalents.

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
int_metadata(qtle)$whee <- 1
```

---

QTLe-name

*Return the name of a [QTLEperiment](#) object.*

---

**Description**

Returns the name of an object of class [QTLEperiment](#).

**Arguments**

x	A <a href="#">QTLEperiment</a> object.
value	Any character-like object or NULL to remove existing labels.

**Value**

For `mainExpName(x)`, returns the name associated to x.

For `mainExpName(x) <- value`, the name of the object x is updated.

**Available methods**

In the following code snippets, x is a [QTLEperiment](#) objects.

`mainExpName(x)`: Return the name assigned to x.

`mainExpName(x) <- value`: Change the name assigned to x to value.

`mainExpName(x) <- NULL`: Remove the name associated to x.



**Author(s)**

Christina B. Azodi

**See Also**

[QTLEExperiment](#), for the underlying class definition.

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
mainExpName(qtle)
mainExpName(qtle) <- "test_name"
mainExpName(qtle)
```

---

QTLe-recover

*Recover QTLEExperiment IDs*

---

**Description**

Function to recover protected rowData (feature\_id, variant\_id) and colData (state\_id) from internal structure.

**Usage**

```
recover_qtle_ids(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            QTLEExperiment object

**Value**

A [QTLEExperiment](#) object with recovered rowData or colData.

**Examples**

```
# Recover a column in colData

qtle <- mockQTLE()

head(colData(qtle))

new_colData <- DataFrame(
  list(some_info1=LETTERS[1:ncol(qtle)],
       some_info2=c(1:ncol(qtle))))

# colData is overwritten
colData(qtle) <- new_colData
```

```

head(colData(qtle))

# colData is recovered
qtle <- recover_qtle_ids(qtle)
head(colData(qtle))

# Recover information from rowData

head(rowData(qtle))

# variant_id are shuffled accidentally
rowData(qtle)$variant_id <- sample(rowData(qtle)$variant_id, nrow(qtle))
head(rowData(qtle))

# Recover rowData
qtle <- recover_qtle_ids(qtle)
head(rowData(qtle))

```

---

qtle-row\_ids

*Named rowData getters and setters*


---

## Description

These are methods for getting or setting protected rowData columns (i.e. feature\_id and variant\_id).

## Details

QTL are associations between a genetic variants and a quantitative feature. The [feature\\_id](#) and [variant\\_id](#) methods can be used to get or set feature IDs and variant IDs, respectively, across a [QTLExperiment](#) object. The values are stored in the [rowData](#) and in the [int\\_rowData](#) compartments so they can be easily accessed but not accidentally removed or overwritten.

## Value

For [feature\\_id](#), a vector is returned containing the name of the feature tested in each association. For [feature\\_id<-](#), a modified object is returned with the updated feature\_ids in [rowData](#), [int\\_rowData](#), and in the row.names of the [QTLExperiment](#) object. For [variant\\_id](#), a vector is returned containing the name of the variant tested in each association. For [variant\\_id<-](#), a modified object is returned with the updated variant\_ids in [rowData](#), [int\\_rowData](#), and in the row.names of the [QTLExperiment](#) object.

## Available methods

Here [x](#) is a [QTLExperiment](#) object, [value](#) is a matrix-like object with the same dimensions as [x](#), and [...](#) are further arguments passed to [feature\\_id](#) (for the getter) or [feature\\_id<-](#) (for the setter).

[feature\\_id\(x, ...\)](#), [feature\\_id\(x, ...\) <- value](#): Get or set the feature (e.g. gene, metabolite) names.

[variant\\_id\(x, ...\)](#), [variant\\_id\(x, ...\) <- value](#): Get or set the variant (i.e. SNP) names.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**See Also**

[QTLEExperiment](#), for the underlying class definition.

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
feature_id(qtle) <- sample(LETTERS, nrow(qtle), replace=TRUE)
feature_id(qtle)
variant_id(qtle) <- sample(paste0("rsid", 1:100), nrow(qtle), replace=TRUE)
variant_id(qtle)
```

---

QTLe-subset

*Subsetting and replacing data in QTLEExperiment objects*

---

**Description**

Includes methods to subset a [QTLEExperiment](#) object by row and/or column and methods to replace all data for the specified rows and/or columns with another value. These methods ensure that all data fields remain synchronized when states or associations are removed.

**Value**

A [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

**Subsetting**

In the following, *x* is a [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

`x[i, j, ..., drop=TRUE]`: Returns a [QTLEExperiment](#) containing the specified rows *i* and columns *j*, where *i* and *j* can be a logical, integer or character vector of subscripts, indicating the rows and columns, respectively, to retain. If either *i* or *j* is missing, than subsetting is only performed in the specified dimension. Arguments in `...` and `drop` are passed to [\[, SummarizedExperiment-method\]](#).

**Replacing**

In the following, *x* is a [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

`x[i, j, ...] <- value`: Replaces all data for rows *i* and columns *j* with the corresponding fields in a [QTLEExperiment](#) value, where *i* and *j* can be a logical, integer, or character vector of subscripts, indicating the rows and columns, respectively, to retain. If either *i* or *j* is missing, than subsetting is only performed in the specified dimension. If both are missing, *x* is replaced entirely with *value*. Arguments in `...` are passed to the corresponding [SummarizedExperiment](#) method.

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()

# Subsetting:
qtle[1:10,]
qtle[,1:5]

# Can also use subset()
qtle$WHEE <- sample(c("A", "B", "C"), ncol(qtle), replace=TRUE)
subset(qtle, , WHEE=="A")

# Can also use split()
split(qtle, sample(c("A", "B", "C"), nrow(qtle), replace=TRUE))
```

---

QTLe-version

*Return the version of a [QTLEExperiment](#) object*

---

**Description**

Specifies the version of the [QTLEExperiment](#) package that an object of class [QTLEExperiment](#) was created with.

**Arguments**

x                    A [QTLEExperiment](#) object.

**Value**

A package version, of class [package\\_version](#).

**Available methods**

In the following code snippets, x is a [QTLEExperiment](#) objects.

`objectVersion(x)`: Return the version of the package with which x was constructed.

**Author(s)**

Christina B. Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

**See Also**

[QTLEExperiment](#), for the underlying class definition and [updateObject](#) to update the object to the latest version.

**Examples**

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
objectVersion(qtle)
```

---

QTLExperiment-class    *An S4 class to represent QTL summary statistics.*

---

**Description**

The QTLExperiment class is designed to represent multi-state QTL data. It inherits from the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) class. In addition, the class supports storage of multi-state adjusted beta and betaSE results (e.g., mash) and storage of summary results (e.g., pairwise sharing).

**Arguments**

...	Arguments passed to the <a href="#">SummarizedExperiment</a> constructor to fill the slots of the base class.
state_id	An array of state IDs the length of ncol(QTLe).
feature_id	An array of feature IDs the length of nrow(QTLe).
variant_id	An array of variant IDs the length of nrow(QTLe).

**Details**

In this class, rows should represent associations (feature\_id:variant\_id pairs) while columns represent states (e.g. tissues). Assays include betas and error associated with the betas (e.g. standard errors). As with any [SummarizedExperiment](#) derivative, different information (e.g., test-statistics, significance calls) can be stored in user defined [assay](#) slots, and additional row and column metadata can be attached using [rowData](#) and [colData](#), respectively.

The extra arguments in the constructor ([feature\\_id](#), [variant\\_id](#), and [state\\_id](#)) represent the main extensions implemented in the QTLExperiment class. This enables a consistent, formalized representation of key aspects of multi-state QTL data that are universal to the data structure. that are commonly encountered during single-cell data analysis. Readers are referred to the specific documentation pages for more details.

A QTLe can also be coerced from a [SummarizedExperiment](#) or [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) instance.

**Value**

A QTLExperiment object.

**Slots**

int_rowData	A DataFrame containing at minimum feature_id and variant_id information
int_colData	A DataFrame containing at minimum state_id information
int_metadata	A list of additional metadata items to store

**Author(s)**

Christina B Azodi

**Examples**

```
nStates <- 10
nQTL <- 100
betas <- matrix(rnorm(nStates * nQTL), ncol=nStates)
error <- matrix(abs(rnorm(nStates * nQTL)), ncol=nStates)

qtle <- QTLExperiment(
  assays=list(betas=betas, errors=error),
  feature_id=sample(1:10, nQTL, replace=TRUE),
  variant_id=sample(seq(1e3:1e5), nQTL),
  state_id=LETTERS[1:nStates])
qtle

## coercion from SummarizedExperiment
mock_sumstats <- mockSummaryStats(nStates=10, nQTL=100)
se <- SummarizedExperiment(
  assays=list(
    betas=mock_sumstats$betas,
    errors=mock_sumstats$errors))
as(se, "QTLExperiment")
```

---

`sumstats2qtle`*Coerce QTL summary statistics into a QTLExperiment object*

---

**Description**

A suite of methods to extract QTL mapping summary statistics from common QTL workflow output files.

**Usage**

```
sumstats2qtle(
  input,
  feature_id = "gene_id",
  variant_id = "variant_pos",
  betas = "slope",
  errors = "slope_se",
  pvalues = NULL,
  n_max = Inf,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```



```

variant_id="rsid",
betas="beta",
errors="se",
pvalues="pvalue",
verbose=TRUE)

qtle2
head(betas(qtle2))

```

---

updateObject

*Update a QTLEExperiment object*


---

### Description

Update [QTLEExperiment](#) objects to the latest version of the class structure. This is usually called by internal methods rather than by users or downstream packages.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'QTLEExperiment'
updateObject(object, ..., verbose = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

object	An old <a href="#">QTLEExperiment</a> object.
...	Additional arguments that are ignored.
verbose	Logical scalar indicating whether a message should be emitted as the object is updated.

### Details

This function updates the [QTLEExperiment](#) to match changes in the internal class representation. Changes are as follows:

- No updates yet.

### Value

An updated version of object.

### Author(s)

Christina B Azodi

### See Also

[objectVersion](#), which is used to determine if the object is up-to-date.



**Examples**

```
qt1e <- mockQTLE()
objectVersion(qt1e)

qt1e_new <- QTLEExperiment::updateObject(qt1e)
```

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