Package 'atena'

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Type Package

Title Analysis of Transposable Elements

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Description Quantify expression of transposable elements (TEs) from RNA-seq data through different methods, including ERVmap, TEtranscripts and Telescope. A common interface is provided to use each of these methods, which consists of building a parameter object, calling the quantification function with this object and getting a SummarizedExperiment object as output container of the quantified expression profiles. The implementation allows one to quantify TEs and gene transcripts in an integrated manner.

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Depends R (>= 4.1), SummarizedExperiment

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Description

The atena package provides a complete re-implementation in R of three existing methods for the quantification of transposable element (TE) expression in order to facilitate its integration into Bioconductor workflows for the analysis of RNA-seq data. The three methods are TEtranscripts (Jin et al. (2015)), ERVmap (Tokuyama et al. (2018)) and Telescope (Bendall et al. (2019)).

Details

The main functions are:

- TEtranscriptsParam build parameter objects of the class TEtranscriptsParam-class for the TEtranscripts expression quantification method
- ERVmapParam build parameter objects of the class ERVmapParam-class for the ERVmap expression quantification method
- TelescopeParam build parameter objects of the class TelescopeParam-class for the Telescope expression quantification method
- qtex call the TE expression quantification method using a previously built parameter object

For detailed information on usage, see the package vignette, by typing vignette("atena").

All questions and bug reports should be posted to the Bioconductor Support Site:

https://support.bioconductor.org

The code of the development version of the package is available at the GitHub repository:

https://github.com/functionalgenomics/atena

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References

Jin Y et al. TEtranscripts: a package for including transposable elements in differential expression analysis of RNA-seq datasets. Bioinformatics. 2015;31(22):3593-3599. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btv422

Tokuyama M et al. ERVmap analysis reveals genome-wide transcription of human endogenous retroviruses. PNAS. 2018;115(50):12565-12572. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1814589115

Bendall et al. Telescope: characterization of the retrotranscriptome by accurate estimation of transposable element expression. PLOS Comp. Biol. 2019;15(9):e1006453. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1006453

annotaTEs

Get RepeatMasker UCSC annotations

Description

The annotaTEs() function fetches RepeatMasker UCSC transposable element (TE) annotations using AnnotationHub and parses them.

Usage

```
annotaTEs(genome = "hg38", parsefun = rmskidentity)
```

Arguments

genome

The genome version of the desired RepeatMasker annotations (e.g. "hg38").

parsefun

A function to parse the annotations:

- Function rmskidentity returns RepeatMasker annotations as present in AnnotationHub, without processing them.
- Function rmskbasicparser parses annotations by removing low complexity regions, simple repeats, satellites, rRNA, scRNA, snRNA, srpRNA and tRNA. Also removes TEs with a strand different than "+" or "-". Modifies "repFamily" and "repClass" columns when a "?" is present or when they are defined as "Unknown" or "Other". Finally, assigns a unique id to each TE instance by adding the suffix "_dup" plus a number at the end of the "repName".
- User-defined function. Input and output should be GRanges objects.

Details

Given a specific genome version, the annotation fetches RepeatMasker annotations from UCSC Genome Browser using the AnnotationHub package. Since RepeatMasker not only provides TE annotations but also low complexity DNA sequences and other types of repeats, a specific parsefun can be set to parse these annotations (e.g. rmskbasicparser or a user-defined function). If no parsing is required, parsefun can be set to rmskidentity.

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Value

A GRanges object with transposable element annotations.

See Also

AnnotationHub

Examples

```
rmsk_gr <- annotaTEs(genome = "hg38", parsefun = rmskidentity)</pre>
```

AtenaParam-class

Atena parameter class

Description

This is a virtual class from which other classes are derived for storing parameters provided to quantification methods of transposable elements from RNA-seq data.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AtenaParam'
path(object)
## S4 method for signature 'AtenaParam'
features(object)
```

Arguments

object

A AtenaParam object.

Value

path(): Filesystem paths to the BAM files in the input parameter object.

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{features(): The GenomicRanges or GenomicRangesList object with the features in the input parameter object.}$

Slots

```
bfl A BamFileList object.
```

features A GRanges object.

aggregateby Character vector with column names in the annotation to be used to aggregate quantifications.

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See Also

ERVmapParam-class TelescopeParam-class TEtranscriptsParam-class

Examples

ERVmapParam-class

ERVmap parameter class

Description

This is a class for storing parameters provided to the ERVmap algorithm. It is a subclass of the 'AtenaParam-class'.

Build an object of the class ERVmapParam

Usage

```
ERVmapParam(
  bfl,
  teFeatures,
  aggregateby = character(0),
  geneFeatures = NA,
  singleEnd = TRUE,
  ignoreStrand = TRUE,
  strandMode = 1L,
  fragments = !singleEnd,
  maxMismatchRate = 0.02,
  suboptimalAlignmentTag = "auto",
  suboptimalAlignmentCutoff = 5,
  geneCountMode = "all"
)
## S4 method for signature 'ERVmapParam'
show(object)
```

Arguments

6

bf1 A BamFile or BamFileList object, or a character string vector of BAM file-

names.

teFeatures A GRanges or GRangesList object with the transposable element (TE) anno-

tated features to be quantified. Elements in this object should have names, which are used as a grouping factor for genomic ranges forming a common locus, unless other metadata column names are specified in the aggregateby parameter.

aggregateby Character vector with column names in the annotation to be used to aggregate

quantifications. By default, this is an empty vector, which means that the names of the input GRanges or GRangesList object given in the teFeatures parameter

are used to aggregate quantifications.

geneFeatures A GRanges or GRangesList object with the gene annotated features to be quan-

tified. Overlaps with unique reads are first tallied with respect to these gene features. Elements should have names indicating the gene name/id. In case that geneFeatures contains a metadata column named type, only the elements with type = exon are considered for the analysis. Then, exon counts are summarized

to the gene level.

singleEnd (Default TRUE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end

(FALSE).

(Default TRUE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into conignoreStrand

> sideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignore_strand = FALSE, an aligned read is considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they have a non-empty intersecting genomic range on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand is not

considered.

strandMode (Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is

a per-object switch on GAlignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd =

TRUE, then strandMode is ignored.

fragments (Default not singleEnd) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When

> fragments=TRUE, the read-counting method in the original ERVmap algorithm is applied: each mate of a paired-end read is counted once and, therefore, two mates mapping to the same element result in adding up a count value of two. When fragments=FALSE, if the two mates of a paired-end read map to the same element, they are counted as a single hit and singletons, reads with unmapped

pairs and other fragments, are not counted.

maxMismatchRate

(Default 0.02) Numeric value storing the maximum mismatch rate employed by the ERVmap algorithm to discard aligned reads whose rate of sum of hard and soft clipping or whose rate of the edit distance over the genome reference to the

length of the read is above this threshold.

suboptimalAlignmentTag

(Default "auto") Character string storing the tag name in the BAM files that stores the suboptimal alignment score used in the third filter of ERVmap; see Tokuyama et al. (2018). The default, suboptimalAlignmentTag="auto", first

extracts the name of the read mapper software from one or more BAM files. If BAM files were generated by BWA, the suboptimal alignment scores are obtained from a tag called XS. For other read mappers, the suboptimal alignment score is considered to be missing since, except from BWA, no other aligner provides a tag with suboptimal alignment scores. In this case, the available secondary alignments are used to implement an analogous approach to that of the third ERVmap filter. When suboptimalAlignmentTag="none", it also performs the latter approach even when the tag XS is available. When this parameter is different from "auto" and "none", a tag with the given name is used to extract the suboptimal alignment score.

suboptimalAlignmentCutoff

(Default 5) Numeric value storing the cutoff above which the difference between the alignment score and the suboptimal alignment score is considered sufficiently large to retain the alignment. When this value is set to NA, the filtering step based on suboptimal alignment scores is skipped.

geneCountMode (Default "

(Default "all") Character string indicating if the ERVmap read filters applied to quantify TEs expression should also be applied when quantifying gene expression ("ervmap") or not ("all"), in which case all primary alignments mapping to genes are counted.

object A ERVmapParam object.

Details

This is the constructor function for objects of the class ERVmapParam-class. This type of object is the input to the function qtex() for quantifying expression of transposable elements using the ERVmap method Tokuyama et al. (2018). The ERVmap algorithm processes reads following conservative filtering criteria to provide reliable raw count data for each TE.

Value

A ERVmapParam object.

Slots

readMapper The name of the software used to align reads, obtained from the BAM file header.

singleEnd (Default FALSE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end (FALSE).

strandMode (Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is a per-object switch on GAlignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd = TRUE, then strandMode #' is ignored.

ignoreStrand (Default TRUE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into consideration when computing the overlap between reads and TEs in the annotations. When ignore_strand = FALSE, only those reads which overlap the TE and are on the same strand are counted. On the contrary, when ignore_strand = TRUE, any read overlapping an element in teFeatures is counted regardless of the strand.

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fragments (Default not singleEnd) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When fragments=TRUE (default), the read-counting method in the original ERVmap algorithm will be applied: each mate of a paired-end read is counted once and, therefore, two mates mapping to the same element result in adding up a count value of two. When fragments=FALSE, if the two mates of a paired-end read map to the same element, they are counted as a single hit and singletons, reads with unmapped pairs and other fragments, are not counted.

- maxMismatchRate (Default 0.02) Numeric value storing the maximum mismatch rate employed by the ERV map algorithm to discard aligned reads whose rate of sum of hard and soft clipping, or of the edit distance over the genome reference, to the length of the read is above this threshold.
- suboptimalAlignmentTag (Default "auto") Character string storing the tag name in the BAM files that stores the suboptimal alignment score used in the third filter of ERVmap; see Tokuyama et al. (2018). The default, suboptimalAlignmentTag="auto", assumes that either the BAM files were generated by BWA and include a tag called XS that stores the suboptimal alignment score or, if the XS tag is not available, then it uses the available secondary alignments to implement an analogous approach to that of the third ERVmap filter. When suboptimalAlignmentTag="none", it also performs the latter approach even when the tag XS is available. When this parameter is different from "auto" and "none", a tag with the given name is used to extract the suboptimal alignment score. The absence of that tag will prompt an error.
- suboptimalAlignmentCutoff (Default 5) Numeric value storing the cutoff above which the difference between the alignment score and the suboptimal alignment score is considered sufficiently large to retain the alignment. When this value is set to NA, then the filtering step based on suboptimal alignment scores is skipped.
- geneCountMode (Default "all") Character string indicating if the ERVmap read filters applied to quantify TEs expression should also be applied when quantifying gene expression ("ervmap") or not ("all"), in which case all primary alignments mapping to genes are counted.

References

Tokuyama M et al. ERVmap analysis reveals genome-wide transcription of human endogenous retroviruses. PNAS. 2018;115(50):12565-12572. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1814589115

Tokuyama M et al. ERVmap analysis reveals genome-wide transcription of human endogenous retroviruses. PNAS. 2018;115(50):12565-12572. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1814589115

Examples

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ovUnion	Pre-defined overlapping mode functions

Description

The following functions control the way in which overlaps between aligned reads and annotated features are resolved when an aligned read overlaps more than one feature on the same locus:

Usage

```
ovUnion(reads, features, ignoreStrand, minOverlFract)
ovIntersectionStrict(reads, features, ignoreStrand, minOverlFract)
```

Arguments

reads A GAlignments, GAlignmentList or a GAlignmentPairs object.

features A GRanges object with annotated features.

ignoreStrand (Default FALSE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into con-

sideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignoreStrand = FALSE, an aligned read will be considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they have a non-empty intersecting genomic ranges on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand will not

be considered.

minOverlFract (Default 0.2) A numeric scalar. minOverlFract is multiplied by the median

read length and the resulting value is used to specify the minoverlap argument from findOverlaps from the **IRanges** package. When no minimum overlap is

required, set minOverlFract = 0.

Details

- ovUnion(): (default)
- ovIntersectionStrict():
- User supplied: a function taking the same parameters as the previous three functions and returning a Hits object.

They take the following parameters:

These functions are given to the mode parameter of the qtex() function and are similar to the functions Union() and IntersectionStrict() from the GenomicAlignments package, with the difference that instead of returning counts of reads overlapping annotated features, they return the actual overlaps, because the counting is deferred to other algorithms that follow some specific strategy when a read maps to more than one feature. For this same reason, these functions lack the inter.feature argument found in the corresponding functions from the GenomicAlignments package.

Value

A Hits object; see the Hits-class manual page.

Examples

qtex, ERVmapParam-method

Quantify transposable element expression

Description

The qtex() method quantifies transposable element expression.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ERVmapParam'
qtex(
 х,
  phenodata = NULL,
 mode = ovUnion,
 yieldSize = 1000000L,
  verbose = 1,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(progressbar = ifelse(verbose == 1, TRUE, FALSE))
## S4 method for signature 'TEtranscriptsParam'
qtex(
  Х,
  phenodata = NULL,
  mode = ovUnion,
  yieldSize = 1000000L,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(progressbar = TRUE)
)
## S4 method for signature 'TelescopeParam'
qtex(
  х,
```

```
phenodata = NULL,
mode = ovUnion,
yieldSize = 1000000L,
BPPARAM = SerialParam(progressbar = TRUE)
)
```

Arguments

x An AtenaParam object of one of the following subclasses:

- A ERVmapParam object built using the constructor function ERVmapParam(). This object will trigger qtex() to use the algorithm by Tokuyama et al. (2018).
- A TelescopeParam object built using the constructor function TelescopeParam(). This object will trigger qtex() to use the algorithm by Bendall et al. (2019).

phenodata

A data frame or DataFrame object storing phenotypic data to include in the resulting SummarizedExperiment object. If phenodata is set, its row names will become the column names of the resulting SummarizedExperiment object.

mode

One of the pre-defined overlapping methods such as ovUnion(), ovIntersectionStrict or a user-supplied overlapping function. For a user-supplied overlapping function, the input parameters must match those of the pre-defined methods and the function must return a Hits object with subject hits matching the annotated features. This parameter is analogous to the mode parameter of the summarizeOverlaps() function from the GenomicAlignments package.

yieldSize

Field inherited from BamFile. The method for signature ERVmapParam() reads the BAM file by chunks. yieldSize represents the number of records (chunk size) to yield each time the file is read.

verbose

(Default 1). When verbose > 1, detailed information on the quantification steps is provided. Warnings are always present regardless of the value of verbose.

BPPARAM

An object of a BiocParallelParam subclass to configure the parallel execution of the code. By default, a SerialParam object is used, which does not use any parallelization, with the flag progress=TRUE to show progress through the calculations.

Details

Giving some AtenaParam object sub-class as input, the qtex() method quantifies the expression of transposable elements (TEs). The particular algorithm to perform the quantification will be selected depending on the specific sub-class of input AtenaParam object, see argument x above.

Value

A SummarizedExperiment object.

References

Tokuyama M et al. ERVmap analysis reveals genome-wide transcription of human endogenous retroviruses. PNAS, 115(50):12565-12572, 2018. https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1814589115

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Bendall ML et al. Telescope: characterization of the retrotranscriptome by accurate estimation of transposable element expression. PLOS Computational Biology, 15:e1006453, 2019. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1006453

See Also

ERVmapParam TelescopeParam

Examples

rmskbasicparser

Parser of RepeatMasker annotations

Description

Parser of RepeatMasker annotations

Usage

```
rmskbasicparser(gr)
```

Arguments

gr

A GRanges object with RepeatMasker annotations from AnnotationHub

Details

Parses annotations by removing low complexity regions, simple repeats, satellites, rRNA, scRNA, snRNA, srpRNA and tRNA. Also removes TEs with a strand different than "+" or "-". Modifies "repFamily" and "repClass" columns when a "?" is present or when they are defined as "Unknown" or "Other". Finally, assigns a unique id to each TE instance by adding the suffix "_dup" plus a number at the end of the "repName".

Value

A GRanges object.

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Examples

```
rmsk_gr <- annotaTEs(genome = "dm6", parsefun = rmskbasicparser)</pre>
```

rmskidentity

Identity function for parsefun

Description

Identity function for parsefun

Usage

```
rmskidentity(gr)
```

Arguments

gr

A GRanges object.

Details

Identity function: returns the GRanges object without any modification.

Value

A GRanges object.

Examples

```
rmsk_gr <- annotaTEs(genome = "dm6", parsefun = rmskidentity)</pre>
```

TelescopeParam-class Telescope parameter class

Description

This is a class for storing parameters provided to the Telescope algorithm.

Build an object of the class TelescopeParam.

Usage

```
TelescopeParam(
  bfl,
  teFeatures,
  aggregateby = character(0),
  geneFeatures = NA,
  singleEnd = TRUE,
  strandMode = 1L,
  ignoreStrand = FALSE,
  fragments = FALSE,
  minOverlFract = 0.2,
  pi_prior = 0L,
  theta_prior = 0L,
  em_epsilon = 1e-07,
 maxIter = 100L
)
## S4 method for signature 'TelescopeParam'
show(object)
```

Arguments

bfl

A BamFile or BamFileList object, or a character string vector of BAM filenames.

teFeatures

A GRanges or GRangesList object. Elements in this object should have names, which are used as a grouping factor for genomic ranges forming a common locus (equivalent to "locus" column in Telescope). This grouping is performed previous to TE expression quantification, unlike the aggregation of quantifications performed when the aggregateby parameter is specified, which is performed after individual TE instances are quantified.

aggregateby

Character vector with column names from the annotation to be used to aggregate quantifications. By default, this is an empty vector, which means that the names of the input GRanges or GRangesList object given in the teFeatures parameter are used to aggregate quantifications.

geneFeatures

A GRanges or GRangesList object with the gene annotated features to be quantified. The TEtranscripts approach for gene expression quantification is used, in which overlaps with unique reads are first tallied with respect to these gene features whereas multi-mapping reads are preferentially assigned to TEs. Elements should have names indicating the gene name/id. In case that geneFeatures contains a metadata column named type, only the elements with type = exon are considered for the analysis. Then, exon counts are summarized to the gene level.

singleEnd

(Default TRUE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end (FALSE).

strandMode

(Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is a per-object switch on GalignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of

	the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd = TRUE, then strandMode is ignored.
ignoreStrand	(Default FALSE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into consideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignoreStrand = FALSE, an aligned read is considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they have a non-empty intersecting genomic range on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand is not considered.
fragments	(Default TRUE) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When fragments=FALSE, the read-counting method only counts 'mated pairs' from opposite strands, while when fragments=TRUE (default), same-strand pairs, singletons, reads with unmapped pairs and other fragments are also counted. fragments=TRUE is equivalent to the original Telescope algorithm. For further details see summarizeOverlaps().
minOverlFract	(Default 0.2) A numeric scalar. minOverlFract is multiplied by the median read length and the resulting value is used to specify the minoverlap argument from findOverlaps from the IRanges package. When no minimum overlap is required, set minOverlFract = 0.
pi_prior	(Default 0) A positive integer scalar indicating the prior on pi. This is equivalent to adding n unique reads.
theta_prior	(Default 0) A positive integer scalar storing the prior on Q. Equivalent to adding n non-unique reads.
em_epsilon	(Default 1e-7) A numeric scalar indicating the EM Algorithm Epsilon cutoff.
maxIter	A positive integer scalar storing the maximum number of iterations of the EM SQUAREM algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020). Default is 100 and this value is passed to the maxiter parameter of the squarem() function.
object	A TelescopeParam object.

Details

This is the constructor function for objects of the class TelescopeParam-class. This type of object is the input to the function qtex() for quantifying expression of transposable elements, which will call the Telescope algorithm Bendall et al. (2019) with this type of object.

Value

A TelescopeParam object.

Slots

singleEnd (Default TRUE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end (FALSE). strandMode (Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is a perobject switch on GAlignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd = TRUE, then strandMode is ignored.

ignoreStrand (Default FALSE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into consideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignoreStrand = FALSE, an aligned read is considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they

have a non-empty intersecting genomic range on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand is not considered.

- fragments (Default FALSE) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When fragments=FALSE (default), the read-counting method only counts 'mated pairs' from opposite strands, while when fragments=TRUE, same-strand pairs, singletons, reads with unmapped pairs and other fragments are also counted. For further details see summarizeOverlaps().
- minOverlFract (Default 0.2) A numeric scalar. minOverlFract is multiplied by the median read length and the resulting value is used to specify the minoverlap argument from findOverlaps from the **IRanges** package. When no minimum overlap is required, set minOverlFract = 0.
- pi_prior (Default 0) A positive integer scalar indicating the prior on pi. This is equivalent to adding n unique reads.
- theta_prior (Default 0) A positive integer scalar storing the prior on Q. Equivalent to adding n non-unique reads.
- em_epsilon (Default 1e-7) A numeric scalar indicating the EM Algorithm Epsilon cutoff.
- maxIter A positive integer scalar storing the maximum number of iterations of the EM SQUAREM algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020). Default is 100 and this value is passed to the maxiter parameter of the squarem() function.

References

Bendall et al. Telescope: characterization of the retrotranscriptome by accurate estimation of transposable element expression. PLOS Comp. Biol. 2019;15(9):e1006453. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1006453

Bendall et al. Telescope: characterization of the retrotranscriptome by accurate estimation of transposable element expression. PLOS Comp. Biol. 2019;15(9):e1006453. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1006453

Examples

TEtranscriptsParam-class

TEtranscripts parameter class

Description

This is a class for storing parameters provided to the TEtranscripts algorithm. It is a subclass of the 'AtenaParam-class'.

Build an object of the class TEtranscriptsParam

Usage

```
TEtranscriptsParam(
  bfl,
  teFeatures,
  aggregateby = character(0),
  geneFeatures = NA,
  singleEnd = TRUE,
  ignoreStrand = FALSE,
  strandMode = 1L,
  fragments = TRUE,
  tolerance = 1e-04,
  maxIter = 100L
)

## S4 method for signature 'TEtranscriptsParam'
show(object)
```

Arguments

bfl a character string vector of BAM file names.

teFeatures A GRanges or GRangesList object with the TE annotated features to be quanti-

fied. Elements in this object should have names, which are used as a grouping factor for genomic ranges forming a common locus, unless other metadata col-

umn names are specified in the aggregateby parameter.

aggregateby Character vector with column names from the annotation to be used to aggregate

quantifications. By default, this is an empty vector, which means that the names of the input $\mathsf{GRangesList}$ object given in the $\mathsf{teFeatures}$ parameter

are used to aggregate quantifications.

geneFeatures A GRanges or GRangesList object with the gene annotated features to be quan-

tified. Following the TEtranscripts algorithm, overlaps with unique reads are first tallied with respect to these gene features. Elements should have names indicating the gene name/id. In case that geneFeatures contains a metadata column named type, only the elements with type = exon are considered for the

analysis. Then, exon counts are summarized to the gene level.

singleEnd (Default TRUE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end

(FALSE).

ignoreStrand (Default FALSE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into con-

sideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignoreStrand = FALSE, an aligned read is considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they have a non-empty intersecting genomic range on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand is not

considered.

strandMode (Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is

a per-object switch on GAlignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd =

 ${\sf TRUE}, then \ {\sf strandMode} \ is \ ignored.$

fragments (Default TRUE) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When fragments=FALSE,

the read-counting method only counts 'mated pairs' from opposite strands, while when fragments=TRUE (default), same-strand pairs, singletons, reads with unmapped pairs and other fragments are also counted. fragments=TRUE is equivalent to the behavior of the TEtranscripts algorithm. For further details see

summarizeOverlaps().

tolerance A positive numeric scalar storing the minimum tolerance above which the SQUAREM

algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020) keeps iterating. Default is 1e-4 and this

value is passed to the tol parameter of the squarem() function.

maxIter A positive integer scalar storing the maximum number of iterations of the SQUAREM

algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020). Default is 100 and this value is passed to

the maxiter parameter of the squarem() function.

object A TEtranscriptsParam object.

Details

This is the constructor function for objects of the class TEtranscriptsParam-class. This type of object is the input to the function qtex() for quantifying expression of transposable elements using the TEtranscripts method Jin et al. (2015). The TEtranscripts algorithm quantifies TE expression by using an EM algorithm to optimally distribute ambiguously mapped reads.

Value

A TEtranscriptsParam object.

Slots

singleEnd (Default FALSE) Logical value indicating if reads are single (TRUE) or paired-end (FALSE).

ignoreStrand (Default FALSE) A logical which defines if the strand should be taken into consideration when computing the overlap between reads and annotated features. When ignoreStrand = FALSE, an aligned read will be considered to be overlapping an annotated feature as long as they have a non-empty intersecting genomic ranges on the same strand, while when ignoreStrand = TRUE the strand will not be considered.

- strandMode (Default 1) Numeric vector which can take values 0, 1 or 2. The strand mode is a perobject switch on GAlignmentPairs objects that controls the behavior of the strand getter. See GAlignmentPairs class for further detail. If singleEnd = TRUE, then use either strandMode = NULL or do not specify the strandMode parameter.
- fragments (Default TRUE) A logical; applied to paired-end data only. When fragments=TRUE (default), the read-counting method will also count reads without mates, while when fragments=FALSE those reads will not be counted. For further details see summarizeOverlaps().
- tolerance A positive numeric scalar storing the minimum tolerance above which the SQUAREM algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020) keeps iterating. Default is 1e-4 and this value is passed to the tol parameter of the squarem() function.
- maxIter A positive integer scalar storing the maximum number of iterations of the SQUAREM algorithm (Du and Varadhan, 2020). Default is 100 and this value is passed to the maxiter parameter of the squarem() function.

References

Jin Y et al. TEtranscripts: a package for including transposable elements in differential expression analysis of RNA-seq datasets. Bioinformatics. 2015;31(22):3593-3599. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btv422

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