Package 'SBMLR'

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Description This package contains a systems biology markup language (SBML) interface to R.
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Ops.SBMLR

Ops.SBMLR

Check the equality of the species and reactions of two SBMLR models

Description

This function tests the equivalence of two models with respect to the species and reaction data frames generated by summary.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SBMLR'
Ops(e1,e2)
```

Arguments

e1 The first of the two model objects of class SBML which are to be compared.

e2 The second model object.

Value

A list containing the following two boolean dataframes

species The equality of species information tabularized as a data frame.

reactions The equality of reaction information tabularized as a dataframe.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

See Also

```
summary.SBMLR
```

```
library(SBMLR)
curto1=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
curto2=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
curto1==curto2
```

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readSBML

Convert an SBML file into an R object of class SBMLR

Description

This function converts an SBML level 2 file into a corresponding R model structure of class SBMLR.

Usage

```
readSBML(filename)
```

Arguments

filename

An SBML level 2 model input file.

Details

A limited subset of SBML level 2 models is currently supported, e.g. events and function definitions are not covered.

Value

A corresponding SBMLR model object in R.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

See Also

readSBMLR

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoX=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
curtoX==curtoR
```

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readSBMLR

Convert an SBMLR file into an R model object of class SBMLR

Description

This function converts an SBMLR model file into a corresponding SBMLR model object. This is more than a source-ing: the file is simpler than the object since things are generated, such as, rate law and rule R expressions and functions, and mathML.

Usage

```
readSBMLR(filename)
```

Arguments

filename

An SBMLR model definition file.

Details

A limited subset of SBML level 2 models is currently supported, e.g. events and function definitions are not covered.

Value

A corresponding SBMLR model object.

Note

This function replaces the use of source in older versions of SBMLR. It converts rate law and rule strings to R functions and expressions and to MathML.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

See Also

readSBML

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoX=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
curtoX==curtoR
```

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S4toS3

Converts an S4 class SBML object created by rsbml into an S3 object of class SBMLR

Description

This function provides a path from rsbml to SBMLR. The latter, being S3, is less cluttered with empty fields/slots than the former. The advantage of the S4 object is that it comes from more robust SBML reading: rsbml uses libsbml to parse SBML, SBMLR uses the R package XML.

Usage

```
S4toS3(dom)
```

Arguments

dom

An S4 DOM object of class SBML produced by rsbml.

Details

Carried over are compartments, species, global parameters, rules and reactions.

Value

A corresponding SBMLR model object, i.e. an S3 list of lists type of object.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

```
library(rsbml)
(dom <- rsbml_read(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/sod.xml")))
library(SBMLR)
(mod=S4toS3(dom))
summary(mod)</pre>
```

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saveSBML

Saves an SBMLR object to an SBML file.

Description

This function converts a class SBMLR model object into an SBML level 2 version 1 file.

Usage

```
saveSBML(model,filename)
```

Arguments

model The S3 SBMLR model object. filename The name of the SBML file

Details

The output file is SBML level 2.

Value

No value returned.

Warning

SBML events and function definitions are NOT implemented.

Note

The SBML file is written incrementally, rather than first built as a DOM in R and then saved using xmlSave.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

References

Radivoyevitch, T. A two-way interface between limited Systems Biology Markup Language and R. BMC Bioinformatics 5, 190 (2004).

See Also

saveSBMLR

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Examples

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
saveSBML(curtoR, "curtoR.xml")
curtoX=readSBML("curtoR.xml")
curtoX==curtoR
summary(curtoR)
unlink("curtoR.xml")
```

saveSBMLR

Save an R model object of class SBMLR to a file.

Description

This function converts an SBMLR model object in R into an SBMLR model definition file. Rate laws are provided only in string form. Redundancy is eliminated to make the file easier to edit.

Usage

```
saveSBMLR(model,filename)
```

Arguments

model The SBMLR model object to be mapped into the SBMLR model definition file.

filename The file name of the destination SBMLR model definition file.

Value

No value returned.

Warning

SBML events and function definitions are NOT implemented.

Note

Similar to saveSBML, the file is written incrementally.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

References

Radivoyevitch, T. A two-way interface between limited Systems Biology Markup Language and R. BMC Bioinformatics 5, 190 (2004).

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See Also

```
saveSBML
```

Examples

```
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
saveSBMLR(curto,"curtoR.r")
curtoR=readSBMLR("curtoR.r")
curto==curtoR
summary(curtoR)
unlink("curtoR.r")
```

sim

Simulate a model of S3 class SBMLR

Description

This function simulates a model given report times and optional modulators. It uses 1soda of the deSolve package.

Usage

```
sim(model, times, modulator=NULL,X0=NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	The S3 model object to be simulated. Initial conditions are passed through this object.
times	The sequence of time points to be sampled and provided as rows of the output matrix.
modulator	Null if there are no modulators (default), a vector of numbers if there are steady state V max modulators, and a list of interpolating functions if there are time course V max modulators.
X0	Override model initial conditions in simulations, particularly piece-wise perturbation simulations.
	To pass extra args such as event data frames to deSolve.

Details

This is a wrapper for ode.

Value

The data frame output that comes out of ode.

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Note

Rules are implemented through time varying boundary conditions updated at each time point as a side effect within the (now internal) function fderiv.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

References

For the folate cycle example given below: Morrison PF, Allegra CJ: Folate cycle kinetics in human breast cancer cells. JBiolChem 1989, 264(18):10552-10566.

```
##---- The following perturbs PRPP from 5 to 50 uM in Curto et al.'s model.
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
(dPRPP10 <- data.frame(var = "PRPP", time = 0, value = 10,method = "mult"))</pre>
(out=sim(curto,times=seq(-20,70,1),events = list(data = dPRPP10)))
plot(out,which=c("PRPP","den","IMP","HX","Gua","aprt","XMP","Xa","UA"))
# which should be the same plots as
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
(dPRPP10 <- data.frame(var = "PRPP", time = 0, value = 10,method = "mult"))</pre>
(out=sim(curto,times=seq(-20,70,1),events = list(data = dPRPP10)))
plot(out,which=c("PRPP","den","IMP","HX","Gua","aprt","XMP","Xa","UA"))
##---- The following generates Morrison's folate system response to 1uM MTX
morr=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/morrison.r"))
out1=sim(morr, seq(-20, 0, 1))
morr$species$EMTX$ic=1
out2=sim(morr,0:30)
outs=data.frame(rbind(out1,out2))
attach(outs)
par(mfrow=c(3,4))
plot(time,FH2b,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,FH2f,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFRf,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFRtot,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CHOFH4,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,FH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CH2FH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CH3FH4,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,AICARsyn,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,MTR,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,TYMS,type="1",xlab="Hours")
#plot(time,EMTX,type="1",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFReductase,type="l",xlab="Hours")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
detach(outs)
```

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```
morr$species$EMTX$ic=0

## Note: This does not work, since EMTX is not a state variable, it is a bc
##(dEMTX1 <- data.frame(var = "EMTX", time = 0, value = 1,method = "add"))
##(out=simulate(morr,times=seq(-20,30,1),events = list(data = dEMTX1) ) )</pre>
```

summary.SBMLR

Get summary information from an SBMLR model

Description

This function extracts information from a model of class SBMLR and returns it as a list. The list includes species and reaction information tabularized as data frames.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SBMLR'
summary(object,...)
```

Arguments

object A model object of class SBMLR from which information is to be extracted.

... For compatibility with summary of the base package.

Details

no details

Value

A list containing the following elements

BC A logical vector indicating which species are not state variables, i.e. which

species are boundary conditions or auxillary variables.

y0 The initial state (boundary conditions excluded!).

nStates The length of the state vector, i.e. the number of system states.

S0 The full set of species initial values.

nReactions The number of reactions.

nSpecies The number of species, including states, boundary conditions and possibly aux-

illary variables such as the total concentration of dihydofolate reductase in the

morrison.r model.

incid The incidence/stoichiometry matrix. This usually contains ones and minus ones

corresponding to fluxes either synthesizing or degrading (respectively) a state variable chemical species. This matrix multiplied by the flux vector on its right

yields the corresponding concentration state variable time derivatives.

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species	Species information (i.e. names, ICs, BCs, and compartments) as a data frame.
reactions	Reaction information tabularized as a dataframe, including string laws and initial

fluxes.

Note

The list output can be attached to immediately define many model variables of interest.

Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

```
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
summary(curto)
```

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