Package 'easyRNASeq'

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Type Package

Title Count summarization and normalization for RNA-Seq data

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Description Calculates the coverage of high-throughput short-reads against a genome of reference and summarizes it per feature of interest (e.g. exon, gene, transcript). The data can be normalized as 'RPKM' or by the 'DESeq' or 'edgeR' package.

Imports Biobase (>= 2.28.0), BiocGenerics (>= 0.14.0), BiocParallel (>= 1.2.7), biomaRt (>= 2.24.0), Biostrings (>= 2.36.1), DESeq (>= 1.20.0), edgeR (>= 3.10.2), genomeIntervals (>= 1.24.1), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.4.1), GenomeInfoDb (>= 1.4.1), GenomicRanges (>= 1.20.5), graphics, IRanges (>= 2.2.5), LSD (>= 3.0), methods, parallel, Rsamtools (>= 1.20.4), S4Vectors (>= 0.6.1), ShortRead (>= 1.26.0), locfit, utils

Suggests BiocStyle (>= 1.6.0), BSgenome (>= 1.36.2), BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3 (>= 1.4.0), GenomicFeatures (>= 1.20.1), RnaSeqTutorial (>= 0.6.0), RUnit (>= 0.4.28)

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AnnotParam class Class "AnnotParam"

Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to retrieve the necessary annotation for processing an RNA-Seq experiment.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("AnnotParamCharacter", ...) or new("AnnotParamObject", ...) (both subject to API changes) or using the AnnotParam constructor (failsafe, prefered). The class AnnotParam in itself is virtual and hence cannot be instantiated.

BamParam class

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam constructor

Examples

showClass("AnnotParam")

BamParam class Class "BamParam"

Description

A class describing the parameters of a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("BamParam", ...) or using the BamParam constructor.

Slots from the Class

The BamParam class has the following slots:

- paired
- stranded
- yieldSize

all of which can be accessed using the accordingly names accessor.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- BamParam accessors
- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor

Examples

showClass("BamParam")

basename methods	Extend the basename function to display Rsamtools BamFile class
	basename

Description

Display the basename of the bam file represented by a BamFile object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
basename(path)
```

Arguments

path an object of class BamFile or BamFileList

Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Display the basename of the bam file linked to by a
BamFile object.

Defunct functions	The following function are defunct:
	 lotDispersionEstimates,DGEList-method

Description

• The plotDispersionEstimates,DGEList-method function is superseded by the plotBCV function as the **edgeR** DGEList object structure changed

Deprecated functions	The following function have been deprecated:	
	• easyRNASeq	
	 fetchCoverage 	
	 fetchAnnotation 	
	 knownOrganisms 	

Description

- The easyRNASeq function is superseded by the simpleRNASeq function to consolidate and prune the overall package. The changes are based on user comments and on the general standardization occuring in the field.
- The fetchCoverage function only had two parameters deprecated as the consequence of the package consolidation. As the scanBam function is not called directly anymore but through higher level functions (from the GenomicRanges package), the 'what' and 'isUnmapped-Query' parameters were obsolete.

DESeq additional methods

Extension for the DESeq package

Description

- multivariateConditions is simply an accessor for the multivariateConditions slot of a CountDataSet object
- plotDispLSD is a function silimar to plotDispEsts that adds a density estimate as a colored heatmap from grey (few) to yellow (many).
- plotDispersionEstimates offers the functionality to plot the dispersion estimate as described in the **DESeq** vignette.

Usage

```
multivariateConditions(obj)
plotDispLSD(obj, name = NULL, ymin,
linecol = "#0000080", xlab = "mean of normalized counts",
ylab = "dispersion", log = "xy", cex = 0.45, ...)
plotDispersionEstimates(obj,cond,log,...)
```

Arguments

obj	An object of class CountDataSet
cex	standard plot.default parameter
cond	A character string describing the first condition
linecol	defines the line color
log	A character string passed onto plot.default
name	argument passed to the DESeq fitInfo function.
xlab	standard plot.default parameter
ylab	standard plot.default parameter
ymin	numeric value defining the lower limit for the y axis
	Additional plotting parameters

Value

- multivariateConditions returns a boolean describing whether the data to analyze is multivariate or not
- plotDispLSD and plotDispersionEstimates returns nothing

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler

See Also

CountDataSet plotDispEsts

Examples

```
## Not run:
## these are helper function for the DESeq package
## refer to its vignette first
cds <- newCountDataSet(countData,conditions)
cds <- estimateSizeFactors(cds)
cds <- estimateDispersions(cds)
mVar <- multivariateConditions(cds)
plotDispersionEstimates(cds,conditions[1])
```

End(Not run)

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for objects in the **easyR-NASeq** package.

Usage

```
genomicAnnotation(obj)
readCounts(obj,count=c("exons","features","genes","islands","transcripts"),
summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),unique=FALSE)
genomicAnnotation(obj) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

obj	An object derived from class RNAseq.
count	The type of count you want to access, 'genes', 'features', 'exons', 'transcripts' or 'islands'
summarization	If count is set to genes, precise the type of summarization, 'bestExons' or 'gen- eModels'
unique	For the 'exons' count only. Should the counts returned be unique for their iden- tifier (i.e. the matrix row names)?
value	The replacement value.

Value

Usually, the value of the corresponding slot, or other simple content described on the help page of easyRNASeq.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

```
rnaSeq<-new("RNAseq")
##set organisme name of an RNAseq object
organismName(rnaSeq) <- "Dmelanogaster"
##get organisme name of an RNAseq object
orgName<-organismName(rnaSeq)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq annotation methods

Get genic annotation from a gff3/gtf file or using biomaRt

Description

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- biomaRtUse biomaRt and Ensembl to get organism specific annotation.
- gff3/gtfUse a gff3 or gtf local annotation file.
- When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the organism argument to AnnotParam is set the prefix of one of the value available using the **biomaRt listDatasets** function, e.g. "Dme-lanogaster".
- When reading from a gff3/gtf file, a version 3 formatted gff or a gtf (an Ensembl defined gff2 version) is expected. The function **genomeIntervals** readGff3 is used to import the data.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
getAnnotation(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	An object of class AnnotParam
verbose	a boolean to turn on verbosity
	See details

Details

... are for additional arguments, passed to the **biomaRt** getBM function or to the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file.

Value

A GRanges containing the fetched annotations.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

easyRNASeq AnnotParam accessors

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
getAnnotation(
    AnnotParam(
        organism="Dmelanogaster",
        datasource=system.file(
        "extdata",
"Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    type="gff3"
    ))
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq AnnotParam accessors Accessors for AnnotParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for AnnotParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- datasource
- type

Usage

```
datasource(object)
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
type(x)
```

Arguments

object	An object derived from class AnnotParam.
x	An object derived from class AnnotParam.

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

The AnnotParam class. The type and organism generics are imported from the BSgenome and Biostrings package, respectively.

Examples

```
annot <- AnnotParam(
    datasource=system.file(
                "extdata",
                "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
                package="RnaSeqTutorial"))
## get the datasource Parameter
datasource(annot)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq AnnotParam constructor AnnotParam constructor

Description

This constructs a AnnotParam object. The datasource parameter (see details) is mandatory, however other parameters, *i.e.* when the datasource is not a GRanges or RangedData default to "genes" and gff3", indicating that the datasource is in the gff3 format and that the contained information needs to be grouped by "genes". This representing the most common use case. Hence, it is left to the user to refine the parameters accordingly to the annotation he is providing or whishes to retrieve.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
AnnotParam(datasource = character(0), type = c("gff3",
    "biomaRt", "gtf", "rda"))
```

Arguments

datasource	a character or a RangedData or a GRanges object. See details.
type	one of NULL, biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. Default to NULL. See details.

Details

Note that calling the constructor without argument fails, as the datasource is a mandatory parameter. Calling the constructor with additional (not all) parameters will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected. There are three parameters for an AnnotParam object:

• datasourceIf no type is provided, the datasource should be either a GRanges(prefered) or a RangedData (subject to future deprecation) object containing the genic information. These can be obtained using the getAnnotation function.

easyRNASeq BamParam accessors

- typeOne of biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. The default is "gff3". In all cases, the datasource is a character describing:
 - For biomaRt, the name of the organism as known by the ensembl Mart, *e.g.* dme-lanogaster or hsapiens.
 - For gff3, gtf or rda, the filename (including the full or relative path).

See Also

• GRanges

End(Not run)

- RangedData
- getAnnotation

Examples

```
## create an object to retrieve annotation from biomaRt
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource="Hsapiens",type="biomaRt")
## get the datasource and type
datasource(annotParam)
type(annotParam)
## create an object to retrieve annotation from an rda object
## Not run:
library(RnaSeqTutorial)
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource=system.file(
    package="RnaSeqTutorial",
    "data","gAnnot.rda"
),type="rda")</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam accessors Accessors for BamParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for BamParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package.

Usage

```
yieldSize(object,...)
paired(object)
stranded(object)
```

Arguments

object	An object derived from class BamParam.
	Additional parameter inherited from the Rsamtools package yieldSize function.
	Ignored here.

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

The BamParam class The RnaSeqParam yieldSize accessor

Examples

```
bp <- BamParam()
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(bp)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam constructor

BamParam constructor

Description

This constructs a BamParam object. The default parameters are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case and are detailed below:

- paired is TRUE, *i.e.* paired-end sequencing is expected.
- stranded is FALSE *i.e.* stranded sequencing is not expected.
- yieldSize is set to 1,000,000. This is the amount of reads iteratively processed from the bam file stream. It is a compromise between speed, process-parallelization and memory usage.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'ANY'
BamParam(paired = TRUE, stranded = FALSE,
 yieldSize = 1000000L)

Arguments

paired	TODO
stranded	TODO
yieldSize	TODO

Details

Calling the constructor without argument result in the default parameter described above to be returned. Calling the constructor with any parameter will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected.

Examples

```
## the defaults
BamParam()
```

```
## change the default
BamParam(paired=FALSE)
BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L)
```

easyRNASeq correction methods easyRNASeq count table correction to RPKM

Description

Convert a count table obtained from the easyRNASeq function into an RPKM corrected count table.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,ANY,vector,vector'
RPKM(obj, from = c("exons", "features",
    "transcripts", "bestExons", "geneModels", "islands"), lib.size = numeric(1),
    feature.size = integer(1), simplify = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	An object of class RNAseq or a matrix, see details
from	Determine the kind of coverage to use, choice limited to: exons, features, tran- scripts, bestExons, geneModels or islands.
lib.size	Precise the library size. It should be a named numeric list, i.e. named after the sample names.
feature.size	Precise the feature (e.g. exons, genes) sizes. It should be a named numeric list, named after the feature names.
simplify	If set to TRUE, whenever a feature (exon, feature,) is duplicated in the count table, it is only returned once.
	additional arguments. See details

Details

RPKM accepts two sets of arguments:

- RNAseq, character the ... are additional arguments to be passed to the readCounts method.
- matrix,named vectornormalize a count matrix by providing the feature sizes (e.g. gene sizes) as a named vector where the names match the row names of the count matrix and the lib sizes as a named vector where the names match the column names of the count matrix.

Value

A matrix containing RPKM corrected read counts.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

readCounts

Examples

```
## Not run:
## get an RNAseq object
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=</pre>
     system.file(
"extdata",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
format="bam",
readLength=36L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
                              "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons",
outputFormat="RNAseq")
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(rnaSeq,from="exons")</pre>
## the same from a count table
count.table <- readCounts(rnaSeq,count="exons")</pre>
## get the RPKM
## verify that the feature are sorted as the count.table
all(.getName(rnaSeq,"exon") == rownames(count.table))
feature.size <- unlist(width(ranges(rnaSeq)))</pre>
```

```
## verify that the samples are ordered in the same way
all(names(librarySize(rnaSeq)) == colnames(count.table))
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(count.table,</pre>
```

```
feature.size=feature.size,
lib.size=librarySize(rnaSeq))
```

End(Not run)

easyRNASeq coverage methods

Compute the coverage from a Short Read Alignment file

Description

Computes the genomic reads' coverage from a read file in bam format or any format supported by **ShortRead**.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
fetchCoverage(obj, format = c("aln", "bam"),
  filename = character(1), filter = srFilter(), type = "SolexaExport",
  chr.sel = c(), validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(),
  ignoreWarnings = FALSE, gapped = TRUE, paired = FALSE,
  stranded = FALSE, bp.coverage = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	An RNAseq object
format	The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too.
filename	The full path of the file to use
filter	The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format
type	The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead package.
chr.sel	A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results.
validity.check	Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced
chr.map	A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details.
ignoreWarnings	set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.
gapped	Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?
paired	Is the bam file containing PE reads?

stranded	Is the bam file from a strand specific protocol?
bp.coverage	a boolean that default to FALSE to decide whether coverage is to be calculated and stored by bp
	additional arguments. See details

Details

... for fetchCoverage: Can be used for readAligned method from package **ShortRead**. The use of the dots for the scanBamFlag method from package **Rsamtools** has been deprecated, as were the 'what' and 'isUnmappedQuery' argument to the function

Value

An RNAseq object. The slot readCoverage contains a SimpleRleList object representing a list of coverage vectors, one per chromosome.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

Rle ShortRead:readAligned

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
organismName="Dmelanogaster",
readLength=36L,
chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
)
obj <- fetchCoverage(</pre>
obj,
format="bam",
                         filename=system.file(
"extdata",
"ACACTG.bam",
                               package="RnaSeqTutorial")
)
```

easyRNASeq deprecated annotation methods Fetch genic annotation from a gff/gtf file or using biomaRt

Description

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- biomaRtUse biomaRt and Ensembl to get organism specific annotation.
- gff/gtfUse a gff or gtf local annotation file.

When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the organismName slot of the RNAseq object is set the prefix of one of the value available using the **biomaRt listDatasets** function, e.g. "Dmelanogaster". When reading from a gff/gtf file, a version 3 formatted gff (gtf are modified gff3 from Ensembl) is expected. The function **genomeIntervals** readGff3 is used to read the data in. Another annotation caveat is the reference names, *i.e.* the chromosome/scaffold names used in the alignment files and those fetched when retrieving the genic annotation might differ. **easyRNASeq** tries to be clever in this case and guess the correspondance. However, it is not always obvious. Organisms were this has been checked can be listed with the *knownOrganisms* function.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
fetchAnnotation(obj, annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "gff",
        "gtf"), filename = character(1), ignoreWarnings = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

	obj	An object of class RNAseq
annotationMethod		d
		one of biomaRt, gff, gtf
	filename	If the method is gff or gtf, the actual gtf, gff filename
	ignoreWarnings	set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.
		See details

Details

... are for additional arguments, passed to the **biomaRt** getBM function or to the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file.

Value

- For fetchAnnotation: A RangedData containing the fetched annotations.
- For knownOrganisms: A vector containing the known organisms

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

easyRNASeq GenomicRanges package extension Extension of the GenomicRanges package

Description

Describes extensions to the GenomicRanges package. For GRanges and GRangesList objects:

- colnames returns the column name of a GRanges or GRangesList object.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments object together bypassing most sanity checks. Faster than the standard c or append function.

Usage

```
colnames(x, do.NULL = TRUE, prefix = "col")
unsafeAppend(obj1,obj2)
```

Arguments

x	An object of the GRanges or GRangesList class
do.NULL	see colnames for details
prefix	see colnames for details
obj1	A GAlignments object
obj2	A GAlignments object

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Details

- colnames returns the actual column names of the elementMetadata slot of the GRanges or GRangesList object. The elementMetadata contains a DataFrame object used to store additional information provided by the user, such as exon ID in our case.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments objects.

Value

- colnames: A vector of column names.
- unsafeAppend: A GAlignments object

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- DataFrame
- GRanges
- GRangesList
- GAlignments colnames

Examples

```
## Not run:
## an example of a RangedData annotation
gAnnot <- RangedData(
                      IRanges(
                              start=c(10,30,100),
                              end=c(21,53,123)),
                           space=c("chr01","chr01","chr02"),
                           strand=c("+","+","-"),
                           transcripts=c("trA1","trA2","trB"),
                           gene=c("gA","gA","gB"),
                           exon=c("e1","e2","e3"),
                           universe = "Hs19"
                           )
## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot,"GRanges")</pre>
## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngs)
## creating a GRangesList
grngsList<-split(grngs,seqnames(grngs))</pre>
## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngsList)
```

End(Not run)

```
## For unsafeAppend
library(GenomicAlignments)
unsafeAppend(GAlignments(),GAlignments())
```

easyRNASeq island methods

Identify expressed regions de-novo

Description

Process the coverage to locate regions with a minimum coverage (min.cov). If regions are separated by a gap shorter than a maximum length (max.gap), they are unified. Only islands longer than min.length are returned. These functions are now outdated and would need to be actualized.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
findIslands(obj, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	An object of class RNAseq
max.gap	Maximum gap between two peaks to build an island
min.cov	Minimum coverage for an island to be returned
min.length	Minimum size of an island to be returned
plot	If TRUE, draw plots of coverage distribution. Help the user to select an appropriate value for the minimum coverage.
	See details

Details

... are for providing additional options to the hist plot function.

Value

An RNAseq object with the readIsland slot set with a RangedData containing the selected islands and the readCount slot actualized with a list containing the count table per island.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

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easyRNASeq package

Examples

```
## Not run:
 ## NOTE that this function might need to be actualized
 obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
 organismName="Dmelanogaster",
 readLength=36L,
 chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
 )
 obj <- fetchCoverage(</pre>
 obj,
 format="bam",
                           filename=system.file(
 "extdata",
 "ACACTG.bam",
                                package="RnaSeqTutorial")
 )
 obj <- findIslands(</pre>
 obj,
 max.gap=10L,
 min.cov=10L,
 min.length=200L)
 ## End(Not run)
easyRNASeq package
                          Count summarization and normalization pipeline for Next Generation
                          Sequencing data.
```

Description

Offers functionalities to summarize read counts per feature of interest, e.g. exons, transcripts, genes, etc. Offers functionalities to normalize the summarized counts using 3rd party packages like DESeq or edgeR.

Details

Package:	easyRNASeq
Type:	Package
Version:	2.4.7
Date:	2015-07-09
License:	Artistic-2.0
LazyLoad:	yes
Depends:	methods, parallel, Biobase, BiocGenerics, biomaRt, Biostrings, edgeR, DESeq, genomeIntervals, GenomeInfoD
Suggests:	BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3

Methods

The main function easyRNASeq will summarize the counts per feature of interest, for as many samples as provided and will return a count matrix (N*M) where N are the features and M the samples. This data can be corrected to **RPKM** in which case a matrix of corrected value is returned instead, with the same dimensions. Alternatively a SummarizedExperiment can be returned and this is expected to be the default in the upcoming version of easyRNASeq (as of 1.5.x). If the necessary sample information are provided, the data can be normalized using either DESeq or edgeR and the corresponding package object returned. For more insider details, and step by step functions, see:

ShortRead methods for pre-processing the data. easyRNASeq annotation methods for getting the annotation. easyRNASeq

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler, Ismael Padioleau

See Also

The class RNAseq specification: RNAseq

The default output class specification: SummarizedExperiment

The imported packages: biomaRt edgeR genomeIntervals BiocParallel Biostrings BSgenome DESeq GenomicRanges IRanges Rsamtools ShortRead

The suggested packages: parallel GenomicFeatures

The following classes and functions that are made available from other packages:

- Classes BamFileList CountDataSet RangedData SummarizedExperiment
- Functions/Methods The SummarizedExperiment assay accessor DESeq estimate size factor an estimate dispersion functions The IRanges constructor The RangedData constructor The locfit function The BamFileList constructor For the SRFilterResult, chromosomeFilter, comp

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
## creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=
    system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
    format="bam",
    readLength=36L,
    organism="Dmelanogaster",
    chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
```

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam accessors

```
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam accessors Accessors for RnaSeqParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for RnaSeqParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- annotParam
- bamParam
- countBy
- datasource
- paired
- precision
- stranded
- yieldSize

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RnaSeqParam'
yieldSize(object)
```

Arguments

object An object derived from class RnaSeqParam.

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- The AnnotParam class
- The BamParam class
- The RnaSeqParam class

The BamParam yieldSize accessor

Examples

```
## create the RnaSeqParam
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(rsp)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam constructor

RnaSeqParam constructor

Description

This constructs a RnaSeqParam object, that combines all the necessary parameters for the analysis of RNA-Seq data. As much as possible, these parameters are determined automa-gi/ti-cally. It describes three sets of parameters:

- parameters describing the annotation
- parameters describing the BAM files, *i.e.* the type of sequencing that was conducted.
- parameters describing how the counting should be done.

The first two are provided through sepcific objects: AnnotParam and BamParam respectively. The third one is a set constituted of:

- countBy: the feature per which the counts should be summarized (exon, transcript or gene. A forth possibility feature can be used to define arbitrary genomic loci)
- precision: the precision at which the counts should be performed: bp or reads. bp used to be the default in the easyRNASeq package, whereas now reads is, following the Bioconductor main stream development.

The default parameters for the BamParam parameter are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case: strand-specific paired-end Illumina sequencing. See the respective manual pages of AnnotParam and BamParam for more details.

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easyRNASeq summarization methods

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
RnaSeqParam(annotParam = AnnotParam(),
bamParam = BamParam(), countBy = c("exons", "features", "genes",
    "transcripts"), precision = c("read", "bp"))
```

Arguments

annotParam	An object derived from class AnnotParam.	
bamParam	An object derived from class BamParam.	
countBy	TODO	
precision	A character value, either 'read' or 'bp' that defines the precision at which count- ing is done, either per read or per covered bp. 'read' is the default.	

Examples

create the RnaSeqParam
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)</pre>

```
## change some defaults
RnaSeqParam(countBy="features",annotParam=annotParam)
RnaSeqParam(bamParam=BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L),annotParam=annotParam)
```

easyRNASeq summarization methods Count methods for RNAseq object

Description

Summarize the read counts per exon, feature, gene, transcript or island.

- exonCounts: for that summarization, reads are summarized per exons. An "exon" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work. See easyRNASeq annotation methods for more details on the annotation object.
- featureCounts is similar to the 'exons' one. This is just a wrapper to summarize count for genomic features that are not exon related. I.e. one could use it to measure eRNAs. Again, a "feature" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work.
- geneCounts sums the counts per either bestExons or geneModels. In either case, the annotation object needs to contain both an "exon" and a "gene" field.
- islandCounts sums the counts per computed islands.

transcriptCounts sums the counts obtained by exons into their respective transcripts. Note
that this often result in counting some reads several times. For this function to work you need
both an "exon" and a "transcript" field in your annotation object. To avoid this, one could
create transcript specific synthetic exons, i.e. features that would be unique to a transcript. To
offer this possibility, transcripts count can be summarized from "features", in which case the
annotation object need to have both the "feature" and "transcript" fields defined.

Usage

```
exonCounts(obj)
featureCounts(obj)
transcriptCounts(obj,from="exons")
geneCounts(obj,summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),...)
islandCounts(obj,force=FALSE,...)
```

Arguments

obj	An object derived from class RNAseq, can be a matrix for RPKM, see details
force	For islandCount, force RNAseq to redo findIsland
from	either "exons" or "features" can be used to summarize per transcript
summarization	Method use for summarize genes
	See details

Details

... for

- geneCounts: additional options for the .geneModelSummarization
- islandCounts: additional options for findIslands

Value

A numeric vector containing count per exon, feature, gene or transcript.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

easyRNASeq annotation methods.geneModelSummarization findIslands

Examples

```
## Not run:
## create an RNAseq object
## summarizing 4 bam files by exons
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(system.file(</pre>
```

"extdata",

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```
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
readLength=36L,
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
"data",
"gAnnot.rda",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
format="bam",
count="exons",
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
outputFormat="RNAseq")
## summing up the exons by transcript
rnaSeq <- transcriptCounts(rnaSeq)</pre>
```

End(Not run)

easyRNASeq,character-method

easyRNASeq method

Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. Is the easiest way to get a count matrix from a set of read files. It does the following:

- use ShortRead/Rsamtools methods for loading/pre-processing the data.
- fetch the annotations depending on the provided arguments
- get the reads coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarize the reads according to the selected summarization features
- optionally apply a data correction (i.e. generating RPKM).
- use edgeR methods for post-processing the data or
- use DESeq methods for post-processing the data (either of them being recommended over RPKM).

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
easyRNASeq(filesDirectory = getwd(),
    organism = character(1), chr.sizes = c("auto"), readLength = integer(1),
    annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf", "rda"),
    annotationFile = character(1), annotationObject = RangedData(),
    format = c("bam", "aln"), gapped = FALSE, count = c("exons", "features",
    "genes", "islands", "transcripts"), outputFormat = c("matrix",
    "SummarizedExperiment", "DESeq", "edgeR", "RNAseq"), pattern = character(1),
    filenames = character(0), nbCore = 1, filter = srFilter(),
```

```
type = "SolexaExport", chr.sel = c(), summarization = c("bestExons",
  "geneModels"), normalize = FALSE, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
  min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, conditions = c(),
  validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(), ignoreWarnings = FALSE,
  silent = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

filesDirectory	The directory where the files to be used are located. Defaults to the current directory.
organism	A character string describing the organism
chr.sizes	A vector or a list containing the chromosomes' size of the selected organism or simply the string "auto". See details.
readLength	The read length in bp
annotationMetho	
	The method to fetch the annotation, one of "biomaRt","env","gff","gtf" or "rda". All methods but "biomaRt" and "env" require the annotationFile to be set. The "env" method requires the annotationObject to be set.
annotationFile	The location (full path) of the annotation file
annotationObje	ct
	A RangedData or GRangesList object containing the annotation.
format	The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too. As of version 1.3.5, it defaults to bam.
gapped	Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?
count	The feature used to summarize the reads. One of 'exons', 'features', 'genes', 'islands' or 'transcripts'. See details.
outputFormat	By default, easyRNASeq returns a matrix. If one of DESeq,edgeR,RNAseq, SummarizedExperiment is provided then the respective object is returned.
pattern	For easyRNASeq, the pattern of file to look for, e.g. "bam\$"
filenames	The name, not the path, of the files to use
nbCore	defines how many CPU core to use when computing the geneModels. Use the default parallel library
filter	The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format
type	The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead library.
chr.sel	A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results.
summarization	A character defining which method to use when summarizing reads by genes. So far, only "geneModels" is available.
normalize	A boolean to convert the returned counts in RPKM. Valid when the outputFormat is left undefined (i.e. when a matrix is returned) and when it is DESeq or edgeR. Note that it is not advised to normalize the data prior DESeq or edgeR usage!
max.gap	When computing read islands, the maximal gap size allowed between two islands to merge them

min.cov	When computing read islands, the minimal coverage to take into account for calling an island	
min.length	The minimal size an island should have to be kept	
plot	Whether or not to plot assessment graphs.	
conditions	A vector of descriptor, each sample must have a descriptor if you use outputFor- mat DESeq or edgeR. The size of this list must be equal to the number of sample. In addition the vector should be named with the filename of the corresponding samples.	
validity.check	Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced? This is only supported for a set of organisms, see easyRNASeq:knownOrganisms, otherwise the argument 'chr.map' can be used to complement it.	
chr.map	A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details.	
ignoreWarnings	set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.	
silent	set to TRUE if you do not want messages to be printed out.	
	additional arguments. See details	

Details

- ... Additional arguments for different functions:
 - For the **biomaRt** getBM function
 - For the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon" (used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file)
 - For the DESeq estimateDispersions method
 - For to the list.files function used to locate the read files.
- the annotationObject When the annotationMethods is set to env or rda, a properly formatted RangedData or GRangesList object need to be provided. Check the paragraph RangedData in the vignette or the examples at the bottom of this page for examples. The data.frame-like structure of these objects is where easyRNASeq will look for the exon, feature, transcript, or gene identifier. Depending on the count method selected, it is essential that the akin column name is present in the annotationObject. E.g. when counting "features", the annotationObject has to contain a "feature" field.
- the chr.map The chr.map argument for the easyRNASeq function only works for an "organism-Name" of value 'custom' with the "validity.check" parameter set to 'TRUE'. This data.frame should contain two columns named 'from' and 'to'. The row should represent the chromosome name in your original data and the wished name in the output of the function.
- count The count can be summarized by exons, features, genes, islands or transcripts. While
 exons, genes and transcripts are obvious, "features" describes any features provided by the
 user, e.g. enhancer loci. These are processed as the exons are. For "islands", it is for an under
 development function that identifies de-novo expression loci and count the number of reads
 overlapping them.
- chr.sizes If set to "auto", then the format has to be "bam", in which case the chromosome names and size are extracted from the BAM header

Value

Returns a count table (a matrix of m features x n samples). If the outputFormat option has been set, a corresponding object is returned: a SummarizedExperiment, a DESeq:newCountDataset, a edgeR:DGEList or RNAseq.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

RNAseqSummarizedExperimentedgeR:DGEListDESeq:newCountDataseteasyRNASeq:knownOrganismsShortRead:readAligned

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
## creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=</pre>
     system.file(
"extdata",
package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
format="bam",
readLength=36L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
                             "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons")
## an example of a chr.map
chr.map <- data.frame(from=c("2L","2R","MT"),to=c("chr2L","chr2R","chrMT"))</pre>
## an example of a RangedData annotation
gAnnot <- RangedData(
                     IRanges(
                              start=c(10,30,100),
                             end=c(21,53,123)),
                           space=c("chr01","chr01","chr02"),
                           strand=c("+","+","-"),
                           transcript=c("trA1","trA2","trB"),
                           gene=c("gA","gA","gB"),
                           exon=c("e1","e2","e3"),
                           universe = "Hs19"
                           )
```

```
## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot,"GRanges")
grngsList<-split(grngs,seqnames(grngs))</pre>
```

End(Not run)

edgeR additional methods

Extension for the edgeR package

Description

This method extends the edgeR package by offering the functionality to plot the effect of the normalization factor.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DGEList,character,character'
plotNormalizationFactors(obj = DGEList(),
    cond1 = character(1), cond2 = character(1))
```

Arguments

obj	An object of class DGEList
cond1	A character string describing the first condition
cond2	A character string describing the second condition

Value

none

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

```
## Not run:
## create the object
dgeList <- DGEList(counts,group)
## calculate the sie factors
dgeList <- calcNormFactors(dgeList)
## plot them
apply(combn(rownames(dgeList$samples),2),
2,
function(co,obj){plotNormalizationFactors(obj,co[1],co[2])},dgeList)
```

End(Not run)

file.exists methods

Description

Check if the bam file represented by a BamFile object exists.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
file.exists(...)
```

Arguments

... a BamFile object

Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Checkk if the bam file linked to by a BamFile object
 exists.

genomeIntervals additional methods

Extension for the genomeIntervals package

Description

coerce This method extends the genomeIntervals package by offering the functionality to coerce a genomeIntervals object into a RangedData object or GRangesList object.

type Another way to access the content of the gff type column.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Genome_intervals'
type(x)
## S4 method for signature 'Genome_intervals'
as(from,to)
```

Arguments

Х	An object of class Genome_intervals
from	An object of class Genome_intervals
to	a character string; either RangedData or GRangesList

getBamFileList

Value

coerce A RangedData or GRangesList containing the result of the coercion.

type The content of the type column, usually a factor or a character vector

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- genomeIntervals object
- readGff3 function

Examples

End(Not run)

getBamFileList Get a BamFileList from a list of filenames

Description

A utility function to create a linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList object from a set of filenames. The filenames need to contain the file path if they are not in the working directory.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
getBamFileList(filenames = character(0))
```

Arguments

filenames a character vector containing fully defined filenames

Value

 $a \verb"linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList"$

See Also

linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList dir

Examples

```
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
## creating a BamFileList using a directory and pattern
bfl <- getBamFileList(</pre>
                         dir(path=system.file("extdata",
                   package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
              pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
                  full.names=TRUE))
  ## using filenames
  filenames <- dir(path=</pre>
              system.file("extdata",
          package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
     pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
        full.names=TRUE)
  bfl <- getBamFileList(filenames)</pre>
  ## get them recursively
  filenames <- dir(path=
               system.file("extdata",
          package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
     pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
        full.names=TRUE,recursive=TRUE)
  bfl <- getBamFileList(filenames)</pre>
```

IRanges additional methods *Extension of the IRanges package*

Description

Return the ranges of the genomic annotation.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
ranges(x)
```

Arguments

x An object of the RNAseq class

Details

It retrieves the object stored in the genomicAnnotation slot of the RNAseq object and apply the ranges function on it. The object retrieved can be of the RangedData or GRangesList class.

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Value

An IRangesList object, where the split is performed by seqnames (e.g. chromosomes).

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

parallel additional methods parallel additional methods

Description

Functions defined in the easyRNASeq package that enhance the parallel package.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list,`function`'
parallelize(obj = list(), fun = NULL,
    nnodes = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	the object which processing has to be parallelizes
fun	the function to be applied in parallel
nnodes	the number of nodes to use
	additional arguments passed to the function fun

Details

The parallelize function ease the use of the parallel package. If the number of nodes provided by the user is 1, then a simple 'lapply' is used, otherwise a cluster object is created and the object dispatched for parallelization.

Value

the result of the clusterApply function.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

clusterApply makePSOCKcluster stopCluster

Examples

parallelize(list(a<-c(1,2),b<-c(2,1)),sum,nnodes=1)</pre>

print methods Pretty print the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.

Description

Print information about a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
print(x, verbose = FALSE, ...)

Arguments

х	An object from class RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam
verbose	A logical to have a verbose or not output. Default to FALSE For object of the RNAseq class only.
	Additional arguments, currently unused.

Value

Print information about the provided object.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

RNAseq class

Description

A class holding all the necessary information and annotation to summarize couts (number of reads) per features (i.e. exons or transcripts or genes) for RNA-Seq experiments.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RNAseq", ...).

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- RangedData
- RleList
- easyRNASeq function
- RNAseq accessors
- easyRNASeq annotation methods
- easyRNASeq correction methods
- easyRNASeq coverage methods
- easyRNASeq summarization methods
- print

Examples

showClass("RNAseq")

RnaSeqParam class Class "RnaSeqParam"

Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to process a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment together with the related annotation to compute a count-table using the simpleRNASeq function. The precision slot is used to determine the count unit:

- readsdefault. The standard GenomicAlignments summarizeOverlaps function is used to extract the read counts
- bpThe easyRNASeq summarization functions are used to extract the read covered bp counts

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RnaSeqParam", \ldots) or using the RnaSeqParam constructor.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor
- BamParam
- BamParam constructor
- summarizeOverlaps
- easyRNASeq summarization functions

Examples

```
showClass("RnaSeqParam")
```

ShortRead additional methods Methods extending the ShortRead package functionalities

Description

These are functions extending the ShortRead packages capabilities:

Usage

```
demultiplex(obj,barcodes=c(),barcodes.qty=12,barcode.length=6,
edition.dist=2,type=c("independant","within"),index.only=FALSE,mc.cores=1L)
barcodePlot(obj,barcodes=c(),type=c("independant","within"),
barcode.length=6,show.barcode=20,...)
chastityFilter(.name="Illumina Chastity Filter")
naPositionFilter(.name="NA Position Filter")
```

Arguments

obj	An object derived from class AlignedRead
barcodes	A character vector describing the multiplex (i.e. barcode) sequences used in the experiment.
barcodes.qty	An integer describing the number of barcodes
barcode.length	An integer describing the barcode length in bp
edition.dist	The maximal edition distance (i.e. the number of changes to apply), to accept an incorrectly sequenced barcode.
type	The type of barcode used. independent represents barcodes generated by the illumina protocol; i.e. a separate additional sequencing step performed once the first mate has been sequenced. within represents barcodes that are part of the sequenced reads as established by Lefrancois P et al., BMC Genomics, 2009
index.only	simply return the index and not the barcode themselves.
mc.cores	A parameter ultimately passed to srdistance to enable parallel processing on mc.cores. On linux and Mac only, windows task remain serially processed.
.name	An internal string describing the filter
show.barcode	An integer specifying how many barcodes should be displayed in the final output.
	additional graphic parameters

Details

- barcodePlot Creates a plot showing the barcode distribution of a multiplexed sequencing library.
- chastityFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read according to the chastity filtering value.
- demultiplex Split a single AlignedRead object into a list of AlignedRead objects according to the barcodes provided by the user. It supports multicore processing but has a default serial behaviour.
- naPositionFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read having an NA position.

When demultiplexing, the function if provided with just the AlignedRead will try to find out how many barcodes were used and what they are. This is unwise to do as many barcodes will get wrongly sequenced and not always the most frequent ones are the one you used! It's therefore strongly advised to specify the barcodes' sequences that were used.

Value

- barcodePlot returns invisibly the barcode frequencies.
- chastityFilter returns a SRFilter instance.
- demultiplex returns a list of AlignedRead objects.
- naPositionFilter returns a SRFilter instance.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

SRFilter AlignedRead

Examples

```
## Not run:
## the barcode
barcodes=c("ACACTG","ACTAGC","ATGGCT","TTGCGA")
## the multiplexed data
alns <- readAligned(</pre>
                     system.file(
                                 "extdata",
                                 package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
                     pattern="multiplex_export",
                     filter=compose(
                      chastityFilter(),
                      nFilter(2),
                       chromosomeFilter(regex="chr")),
                     type="SolexaExport",
                     withAll=TRUE)
## barcode plot
barcodePlot(alns,
            barcodes=barcodes,
            type="within",
            barcode.length=6,
            show.barcode=20,
            main="All samples",
            xlim=c(0,0.5))
## demultiplexing
dem.alns <- demultiplex(alns,</pre>
                         barcodes=barcodes,
                         edition.dist=2,
                         barcodes.gty=4,
                         type="within")
## plotting again
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
barcode.frequencies <- lapply(</pre>
                               names(dem.alns$barcodes),
                               function(barcode,alns){
                                 barcodePlot(
                                              alns$barcodes[[barcode]],
                                              barcodes=barcode,
                                              type="within",barcode.length=6,
                                              show.barcode=20,
```

show methods

main=paste(
 "Expected barcode:",
 barcode))

},dem.alns)

End(Not run)

show methods

Display the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.

Description

Display the content of a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
show(object)

Arguments

object

An object of the AnnotParam, BamParam, RnaSeqParam or RNAseq class

Methods

Annot/Bam/RnaSeqParam The respective object settings.

Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. It is the simplest way to get a SummarizedExperiment object from a set of bam files. SummarizedExperiment are containers meant to hold any Next-Generation Sequencing experiment results and metadata. The simpleRNASeq method replaces the easyRNASeq function to simplify the usability. It does the following:

- use GenomicRanges for loading/pre-processing the data.
- fetch annotations depending on the selected parameters
- extract the reads coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarizes the read counts according to the selected summarization
- returns a SummarizedExperiment object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFileList,RnaSeqParam'
simpleRNASeq(bamFiles = BamFileList(),
    param = RnaSeqParam(), nnodes = 1, verbose = TRUE, override = FALSE)
```

Arguments

bamFiles	a BamFileList object
param	RnaSeqParam a RnaSeqParam object that describes the RNA-Seq experimental setup.
nnodes	The number of CPU cores to use in parallel
verbose	a logical to be report progress or not.
override	Should the provided parameters override the detected ones

Value

returns a SummarizedExperiment object.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- For the input:
 - AnnotParam
 - BamParam
 - RnaSeqParam
- For the output: SummarizedExperiment
- For related functions:
 - BamFile
 - BamFileList getBamFileList

Examples

```
## Not run:
    ## the data
    library("RnaSeqTutorial")
    ## get the BamFileList
    bamFiles <- getBamFileList(
        dir(path=system.file("extdata",
            package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
            pattern="^[A,T].*\\.bam$",
        full.names=TRUE))
```

create the AnnotParam

```
annotParam <- AnnotParam(system.file(
                "extdata",
                "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
                package="RnaSeqTutorial"))
## create the RnaSeqParam
rnaSeqParam <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)
## get a SummarizedExperiment containing the counts table
sexp <- simpleRNASeq(
        bamFiles=bamFiles,
        param=rnaSeqParam,
        verbose=TRUE
    )
## get the counts
    assay(sexp)$exons
## End(Not run)
```

validate,BamFile-method

```
Extension of the Rsamtools package
```

Description

Describes extensions to the Rsamtools package.

- For BamFile and BamFileList objects:
 - validate validates a BamFile or BamFileList object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
validate(obj, header = TRUE, cross.validation = TRUE)
```

Arguments

obj	An object of the BamFile or BamFileList class	
header	a boolean to (de)activate the check for a BAM header	
cross.validation		
	a boolean - only valid for BamFileList objects - to (de)activate the cross validation of all the BAM files header	

Details

validate checks whether the BAM file exists and if a BAI index is present.

validate returns invisibly a vector of boolean. Fails anyway if any file is missing.

Author(s)

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See Also

- BamFile
- BamFileList

Examples

```
bfl <-BamFileList(filenames,index=filenames)</pre>
```

```
validate(bfl)
```

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